# YELLOWSTONE AND GRAND TETON ATIONAL PARKS PACIFIC RATEROAD



# **NATURE'S WONDERLAND**



Truly, Yellowstone National Park is a wonderland of nature. Poets have written about it, and artists have painted it, but to believe that such a scenic region is possible, you must see with your own eyes the spouting geysers, bubbling cauldrons, giant canyons and other spectacular phenomena, all of which presents a flashing brilliance of motion and color which you will never forget.

Yellowstone is the largest, the oldest and, perhaps, the best known of America's many national parks. It is at once weird, incredible and magnificent in its rugged, wild beauty. It is one of the greatest wild-life sanctuaries in the world.

Frontiersman John Colter discovered the fabulous area, and Jackson Hole, by chance in the winter of 1807-08. Colter had been sent by the celebrated trader, Manuel Lisa, to the headwaters of the Bighorn River to find the Indians for trading purposes. Coming home Colter sought a short cut and stumbled upon the mystery of Yellowstone. When he told his friends of the fantastic land he had seen, they refused to believe him.





Twenty years later Jim Bridger brought back a report similar to Colter's, but he, too, was greeted with winks and smiles. Finally, however, the Washburn-Doane Expedition, headed by H. D. Washburn, Surveyor-General of Montana, was organized in August, 1870, and accompanied by an army detail, officially investigated the phenomena in the Park.

They encountered innumerable fascinating wonders that even Colter, Bridger and other explorers had missed. They were determined that Yellowstone should be preserved in all its primeval beauty for the enjoyment of all Americans. Their enthusiasm was boundless. Largely because of their efforts a bill was passed through Congress on March 1, 1872, and the rugged wilderness was set aside as Yellowstone National Park.

Since that time millions of travelers have seen the glory that is Yellowstone's. Thousands return year after year. Still others come only once, but they consider it the trip of a lifetime.

# SEEING YELLOWSTONE PARK

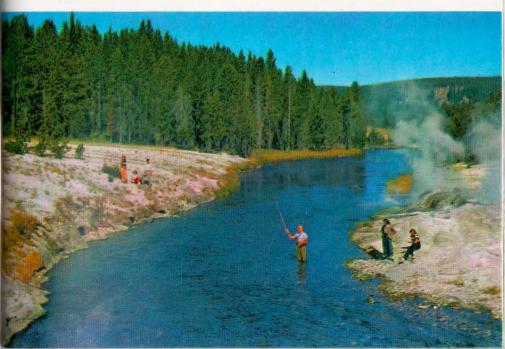
You may see Yellowstone National Park in your own way. Roam the trails alone, or with an experienced guide, as you prefer. But, by all means, bring your camera!

Yellowstone is your park! It has been provided with fine roads and modern hotels so that you may enjoy its wonders in comfort. You are genuinely welcome to come and stay as long as you like. You could easily stay all summer and never exhaust

the alluring appeal, the charm, and tonic effect of Yellowstone's beauty. However, if you can stay for only a limited period, you can still see all the principal points of interest.

You can live as modestly or as lavishly as your choice dictates. In traveling about the Park you may select the style of accommodations that appeals most to you. You can go by Park motor bus with other visitors, or there is convenient Rent-a-Car serv-

Fishing the Firehole River





The wonders of Yellowstone are explained by Ranger-naturalists.

ice with insured cars available at government approved rates.

Splendid camping sites may be found in all parts of the Park. At the main centers of interest are modern hotels, as well as clean, comfortable cabins. Service and accommodations are excellent and one cannot help but marvel at such comfort and luxury in the depths of the wilderness.

So that visitors may see as much of the Park as possible, in a limited amount of time, pre-arranged tours by motor bus are operated. These tours are especially appreciated by folk who travel by rail to Yellowstone. The tour consumes just two and onehalf days. Leisure stops are made to properly see all the chief scenic attractions.

Another advantage of selecting a pre-arranged tour is that it eliminates the anxiety of driving your own car over unfamiliar mountain roads. Without stress and strain, completely relaxed, you're all the more free to enjoy Yellowstone's wondrous sights.

Bus drivers in Yellowstone Park are thoroughly competent and reliable.

Rangers and Naturalists of the National Park Service give authoritative descriptions of the wonders of Yellowstone during evening programs and on guided walks.

## ASHTON—YELLOWSTONE PARK

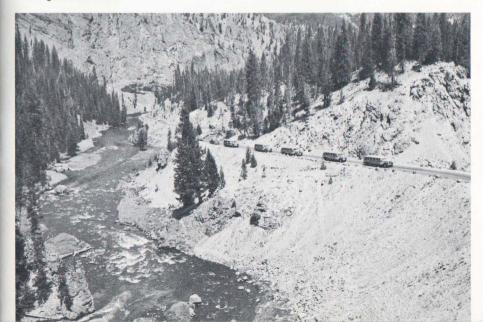
The Union Pacific route to Yellowstone National Park takes visitors to Ashton, Idaho. Motor buses of the Yellowstone Park Company will meet Union Pacific trains at Ashton to receive and deliver patrons who hold tickets for regularly scheduled motor bus tours through Yellowstone National Park.

Between Ashton and the western entrance of Yellowstone you ride through beautiful Targhee National Forest, see numerous ranches and resorts of the Island Park recreational area. Inbound a breakfast stop will be made at Stage Coach Inn, at West Yellowstone, as well as a dinner stop for outbound patrons.

The first day's ride is a preview of the promise that Yellowstone will fulfill. Along the way you will be constantly amazed by a continuous series of pulse-quickening sights . . . green, virgin forests; National Park Mountain; glimpses of the Madison River, and charming views of distant mountains.

Presently the chatter of the cascades of Firehole River is heard. This is one of Yellowstone's most bewitching waterfalls. Oddly enough, while the waters are warmed from geysers and hot springs, the river is alive with trout.

Along the Firehole River



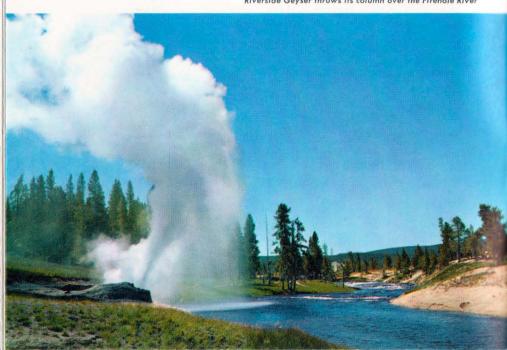
# FIRST VIEW OF THE GEYSERS

In the Lower Geyser Basin, Yellowstone parts the curtain and stages a gigantic thermal exhibit. Here the first geysers come into view. There they are! Dipping and skyrocketing; spears of boiling water belch upward, dazzling white against the backdrop of blue skies and forest greenery. For size, number, power and action, no other geysers in the world compare to those of Yellowstone.

In the west and south-central parts

of the Park are six major geyser basins. Each contains a number of geysers, pools and springs. This spectacular section of Yellowstone is extremely fascinating. In the Lower Basin are numerous well-known geysers, but in the Upper Basin famous Old Faithful probably will attract your first attention. Moreover, near-by is Old Faithful Inn, where you will want to stay for one or more delightful, pleasure-filled days.

Riverside Gevser throws its column over the Firehole River





**Brilliant Pool and Comet Geyser** 

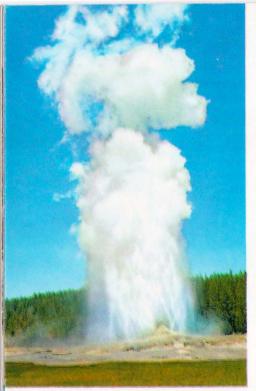
Park ranger-naturalists have prepared an interesting display at Old Faithful Visitor Center which reveals the intricate operation of geysers. A miniature model geyser has been constructed and its working parts may be seen and understood. Water heated by volcanic rock collects in underground chambers. Under pressure, it gains heat, finally expanding enough to push out the column of water in a passage to the surface. This lowers the pressure. The water now boils violently, and mixed with steam, rushes out the opening as a geyser eruption. After the eruption, refilling begins, and the process is repeated, with the interval of eruption varying greatly from geyser to geyser.

# OLD FAITHFUL GEYSER

Most famous of all geysers is Old Faithful. It is everything you would expect to see in a geyser. Old Faithful has the showman's touch, as well. With a rumbling beneath the thin shell of the earth, Old Faithful goes into action. Then a hissing, boiling pillar of

water surges up from the surface pool. Rapidly it gains momentum until it reaches a height of 140 feet or more.

For four minutes it continues to play, and then gradually dies away. Tiny wisps of steam linger a moment, and then disappear. Old Faithful puts



Giant Geyser

on its show within a few minutes of a predicted time. The average interval between eruptions is 65 minutes.

It is staggering to conceive just how much water Old Faithful hurls skyward during each of its extraordinary performances. It has been estimated, however, that in a single day this geyser discharges approximately 250,000 gallons of water. To see Old Faithful at night is, perhaps the most wondrous sight of all. Floodlights are thrown upon its towering plume, and the steaming column of water, thus caught in the vivid, white light, presents a spectacle which becomes an everlasting memory of your trip to Yellowstone.

## Other Geysers

Numerous other geysers equal or excel Old Faithful in volume or height, but few match its regularity. The Giant Geyser exceeds all others in the amount of water expelled. Its jet of steaming water sometimes reaches 250 feet, and continues for an entire hour, and signs of an eruption become evident several hours in advance.

Other popular geysers include the Beehive, Daisy, Plume, Riverside, Grotto, Castle and the Sawmill. Their descriptive names are derived from their fantastic and unusual character. For sheer individual splendor, the Grand, Giantess, Morning, Splendid and Great Fountain Geysers are noteworthy.

## Pools and Springs

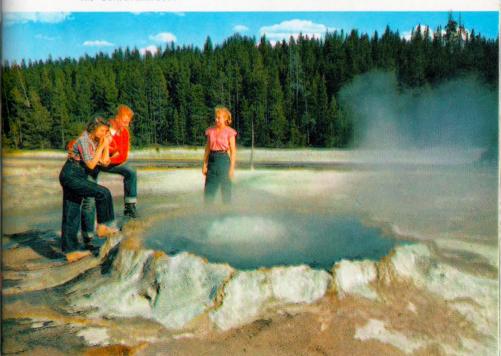
When you gaze into the shimmering blue waters of Firehole Lake, jets of hot gas can readily be seen. The flame-like effect led to this lake being named "Firehole."

There are other odd sights in the basins. Fountain Paint Pot looks like a pot of boiling paint, but it is merely hot multi-colored clay. Morning Glory Pool is so named because of its flower-like cone and color. Black Sand Pool is a hot spring. Sapphire Pool, accurately named in the past because of its resemblance to a blue gem, recently became a full-fledged and spectacular geyser.



Ready to view Yellowstone's wonders from horseback

The "Devil's Punch Bowl"



## The Continental Divide

After leaving Old Faithful, you soon come to Kepler Cascade. Here a whole series of captivating waterfalls descend about 150 feet, the magic waters singing as they fall.

Going East 17 miles from Old Faithful to Yellowstone Lake—your next stop—through an accident of geography, you cross the Continental Divide twice. The Divide winds through the southwest quarter of the Park. Waters flow northward from it into the Atlantic drainage, and southward via the Snake and Columbia rivers into the Pacific.



Kepler Cascade

# YELLOWSTONE LAKE

Speedboat party on Yellowstone Lake

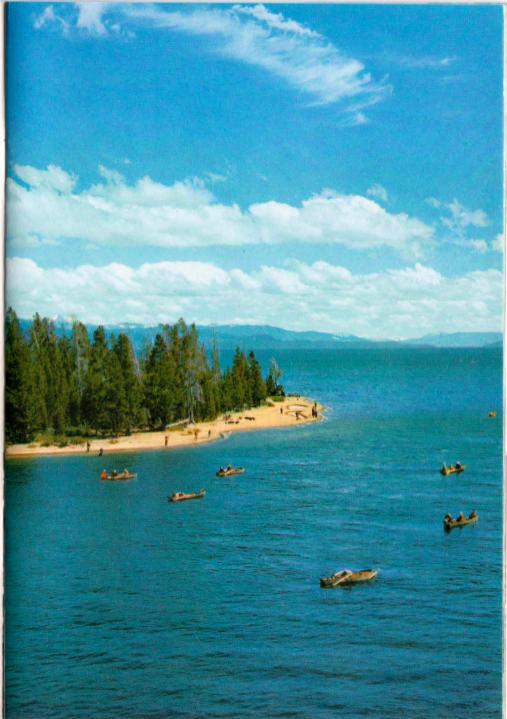


Yellowstone Lake covers approximately 139 square miles. Its shore line is 100 miles long. It is a mile and a half above sea level, one of the largest mountain lakes in the world. The blue of its waters against the surrounding snow-capped mountains makes it one of nature's grandest pictures.



Countless visitors spend as much time as possible at the Lake. After the first visit this can be readily understood. It is ideal for camping and fishing, and the stimulating air at this altitude is invigorating and delightfully refreshing.

You may take a pleasant boat trip and explore its distant shores or, if you wish, you may engage a motor or rowboat, at a nominal rate, for a pleasure cruise or to try your luck at angling.



# GRAND CANYON of the YELLOWSTONE

The Grand Canyon of Yellowstone, as seen from either Artist Point or Inspiration Point, is one of the truly great wonders of the West. It is hard to conceive of such breath-taking beauty. Once you have gazed into its jagged depths, alive with color, you will never forget it, nor would you if you could.

Perhaps you stand on the rim, and gaze down into a seemingly bottomless void. Eagles and fishhawks quite likely will be circling far below. The sides of the ragged pit will be painted with myriads of shifting, changing, vivid colors, with shades of yellow predominating. In the bright sunlight the canyon flames in glory. The river's roar rises and fades with the shifting winds.

Grand Canyon—richly named! From Artist Point it is nearly 1,600 feet to the opposite side. There is a sheer drop of nearly 800 feet below the platform on which you stand. Down there lies the green, serpentine Yellowstone River. Your gaze follows the curve of the canyon to where, in the distance, may be seen the silvery sheet of the Lower Falls plummeting downward in a billowy cloud of misty spray.

You can also see the Canyon from other angles and obtain a fuller realization of its majestic beauty. This may be done at Point Lookout, or farther up, at the Grand View.

Time stands still at this mighty chasm. However long you stare in silent wonder, it seems like but a fleeting moment.

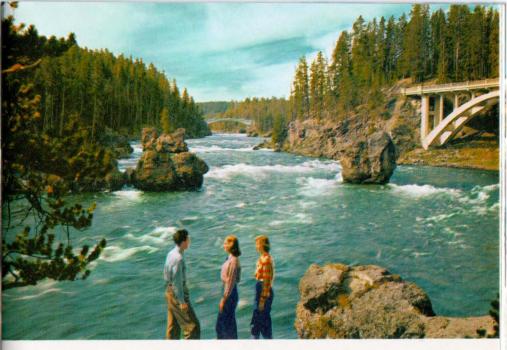
## The Upper and Lower Falls

As the Yellowstone River flows from Yellowstone Lake toward the Missouri River and the Gulf of Mexico, it leisurely twists and winds through the Park until, about fifteen miles from its source, the river is converged to a width of less than fifty feet. Through foaming cataracts it suddenly rushes forward to hurtle down 109 feet in a graceful fall known as the Upper Falls of the Yellowstone. The velocity of flow is so great at the crest that the water pours over the lip of the canyon in a graceful arc.

On approaching the Grand Canyon, a good view of the Upper Falls may be had from an observation point about one quarter mile below Chittenden Bridge.

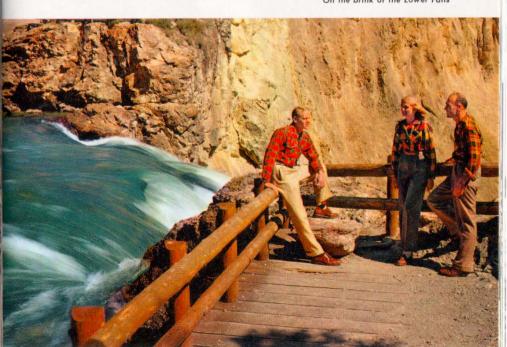
A short distance below the Upper Falls the swift, surging torrent again comes to a mighty precipice, this time with a drop of 308 feet—the famous Lower Falls. Plunging over, it leaps downward with a thunderous roar, and disappears in a cloud of spray, presenting an unforgettable picture. A third of the fall is hidden behind this vast cloud of spray which conceals the mad play of the waters beneath.

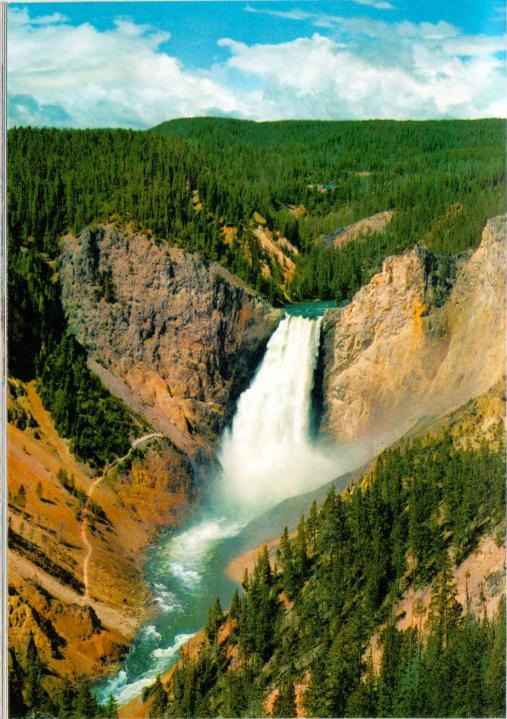
Not far from the Canyon Village is a stairway leading to the top of the Lower Falls. It may also be viewed from Uncle Tom's Trail which goes to the bottom of the Canyon from the South Rim. Looking upward at the roaring cataract from the foot of the trail, you are awed by its wild



Cascades of Yellowstone River

On the brink of the Lower Falls





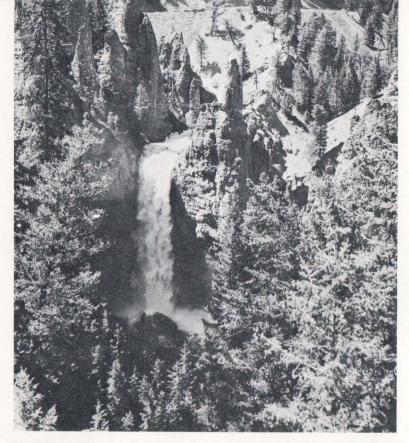


Lower Falls from Uncle Tom's Trail

Looking down Yellowstone Canyon from Lower Falls



(Left) Lower Falls and Yellowstone Canyon (Uncle Tom's Trail on left)



Graceful Tower Fall

and unharnessed power. Sunlight gives additional charm to the scene by forming multi-colored rainbows in the filmy clouds of ascending spray.

#### Tower Fall

Leaving Grand Canyon, which you do reluctantly, your route is north toward Mammoth Hot Springs. Along the way are many interesting views. About midway between Canyon and

Mammoth, you see Tower Fall, one of the most graceful waterfalls in the world. Plunging 132 feet into a cavernous basin, rimmed with stately evergreens, the Fall gets it name from the tower-like spires of rock that guard Tower Creek's approach to the precipice.

## Mammoth Hot Springs Area

From Tower Fall, travelers follow

the road to Mammoth Hot Springs, site of the Park headquarters.

Along the sides of the hill, from which the natural springs flow, are a group of steps or terraces over which spread the steaming waters of hot springs, laden with minerals. Each descending step has been tinted by the algae (plant life), living in the hot water, in a thousand tones. So vivid are these colors that they appear to vibrate and glow in the sunlight. Some of the older springs have now dried up, but about twenty are still active.

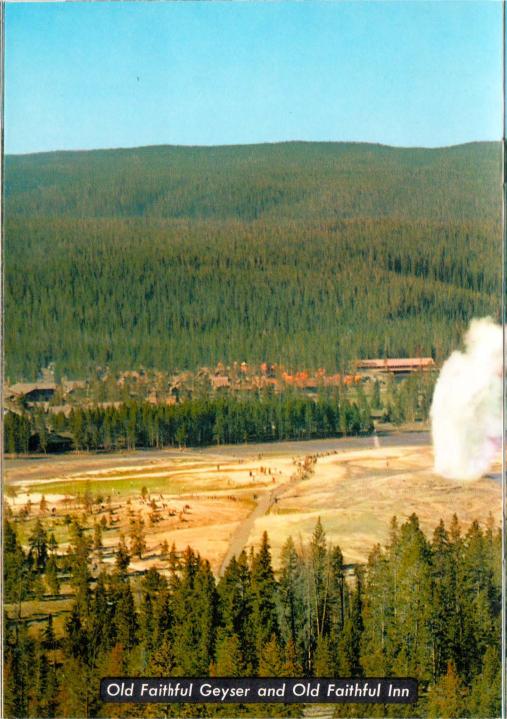
## More Geysers-Norris Basin

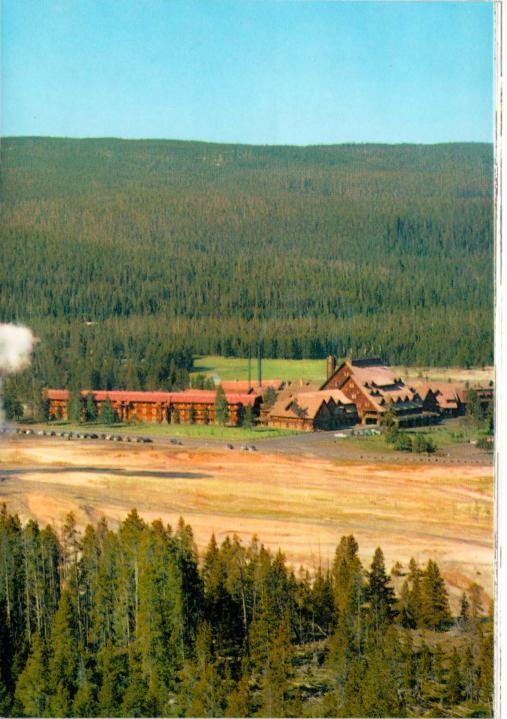
Upon leaving Mammoth Hot Springs, on the way back to West Yellowstone, you come upon Norris Geyser Basin. Its geysers spout at frequent intervals and its steam vents noisily erupt great volumes of vapor. Constant, Minute Man and Whirligig are some of the geysers. Emerald, Opal, Iris and Congress are a few of the pools.

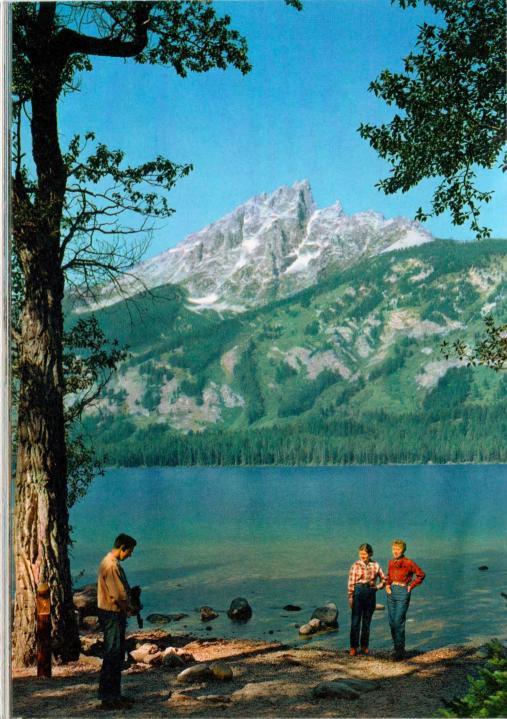
Enchanting Gibbon Falls will add another lingering memory of your trip through Norris Geyser Basin.

Fantastic Norris Geyser Basin









# GRAND TETON NATIONAL PARK

When making a trip to Yellowstone, you should—by all means—include a visit to Grand Teton National Park in what is known as the Jackson Hole area, rich in pioneer history when it was the crossroads of the North American fur trade.

The Jackson Hole region, and that area now set aside as Grand Teton National Park, became known to white men in 1807-8 when John Colter crossed the range on the memorable trip which resulted in his discovery of Yellowstone.

The colorful title "Jackson's Hole" dates back to 1829 when Capt. Wm.



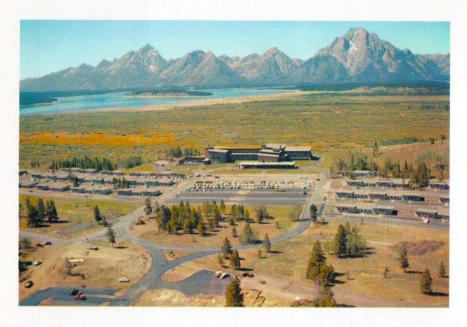
Sublette named it for a fellow trapper, David E. Jackson, a "hole" being, in trapper vernacular, a valley surrounded by mountains.

Although the two Parks are geographical neighbors, there is very little scenic similarity when you compare them. As you know, Yellowstone has its unusual attractions such as geysers, waterfalls, bubbling pools and wild life. In contrast, Grand Teton is a region of mountainous grandeur, with glaciated valleys of enchanting beauty with sparkling streams and lakes.

The most imposing sight of all is the Teton Mountain range. These rugged peaks, snow-topped year 'round, form a majestic background. The dominating peak is Grand Teton which towers 7,000 feet above the valley floor. You will find yourself thinking of the descriptive words "breathtaking beauty" and that is exactly what it is.

Besides its pinacled peaks and majestic canyons, Grand Teton includes five large lakes and dozens of smaller bodies of water; glaciers, snowfields, and a green forest empire of pine, fir and spruce. Much of the Park is above timberline.

So, don't fail to include Grand Teton with Yellowstone. It will double the enjoyment of your vacation. As you can see from a glance at the map, the Jackson Hole area is just south of Yellowstone's southern border—only 6 miles between Parks.



# JACKSON LAKE LODGE

Famed for its picture window views of the Teton Range, the commodious Jackson Lake Lodge brings modern hotel comfort to a mountain wilderness area. Opened in 1955, it represents a gift to the American people from Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., who helped assure the preservation for future generations of what is now Grand Teton National Park.

Jackson Lake Lodge is one of three facilities operated for Park visitors by the Grand Teton Lodge Company; others are Jenny Lake Lodge and Colter Bay Village. All income is devoted to the maintenance, operation, and improvement of the facilities and to further the conservation program of Jackson Hole Preserve, Incorporated.

Hotel and cottage conveniences have been deftly blended at Jackson Lake Lodge. The large central lodge building, on a bluff overlooking Jackson Lake at some 7,000-feet elevation, contains lounge areas, restaurants, shops, service facilities, and fifty guest rooms. There are an additional 300 rooms in spacious guest cottages on the grounds. Among other features of Jackson Lake Lodge are—

A mammoth main lounge with a sixtyfoot picture window of the Tetons and two giant sized fireplaces . . .

A distinctive cocktail lounge with an early western stockade motif . . .

A 500-seat coffee shop dining room, lined with picture windows and featuring delicious meals prepared by a master chef . . .



(Lower-Interior of cabin, Jenny Lake Lodge)

# AND GUEST COTTAGES

A counter-style restaurant, the Fountain Room, offering "snack" service throughout the day and in the evenings . . .

An auditorium seating 600 persons for evening programs and for early- and late-season conventions and group meetings . . .

Various shops and services, including gift shop, barber and beauty shops, service station, corral, and first aid...

In other words, Jackson Lake Lodge offers complete hotel facilities at reasonable prices.

## Recreational Activities

Horseback riding, fishing in both lake and stream, and hiking over miles of trails to observe wildlife in their natural habitat or magnificent alpine wildflowers are popular activities in Jackson Hole. Sightseeing is another favorite, particularly on one of the regular bus trips through the Park or by boat across Jackson Lake to the very foot of the Tetons. There is mountain climbing for the serious alpinist and a mountain climbing school for the tyro. Pack trips are easily arranged, and one of the new diversions is the all-day float trip 30 miles down the winding Snake River. Everywhere is lure for the camera lens, whether held by amateur or professional, and the colorful western town of Jackson offers excellent shopping and entertainment opportunities. In the evenings there are campfire programs, illustrated Ranger talks, and occasional informal square dances.



Attractive modern cabins at Colter Bay

Colter Bay Marina, Jackson Lake



# COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELER

Guest cottages at Jackson Lake Lodge are large and unusually comfortable. Each has two double beds for family vacationing needs, a sparkling tile bathroom with combination tub and shower, and custom designed furnishings including draperies with a trapper motif. Full telephone and room service is afforded and they are just a step away from the main lodge building where the finest in food is served at modest prices.

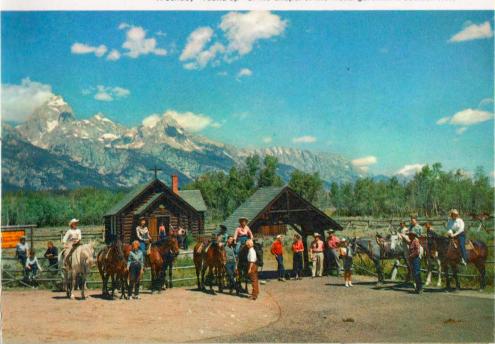
The Colter Bay area, six miles north of Jackson Lake Lodge on the shores of Jackson Lake, is another new visitor center in the Park with attractive log cabin accommodations for budget-conscious vacationing, a group of tent-cabin units with housekeeping facilities, a light and airy cafeteria, stores,

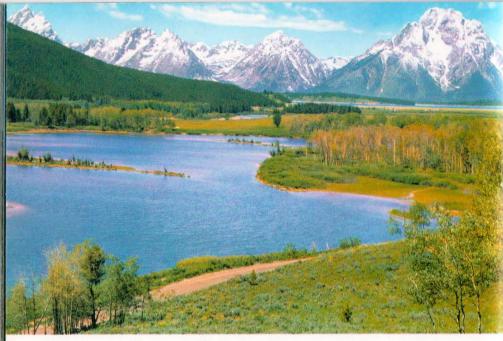
campgrounds, trailer village, and fully developed marina for enjoying the fishing and boating pleasures of Jackson Lake.

Grand Teton Lodge Company facilities in Jackson Hole are open from early June to mid-September every year, with some accommodations available from Memorial Day until October first.

It is advisable to make room reservations as far in advance as possible. You can ask your nearest Union Pacific ticket office to make reservations for you, or write direct to the Reservations Office, Grand Teton Lodge Company, Jackson, Wyoming (from October 15 to May 15—209 Post Street, San Francisco 8, Calif.).

A Sunday "round up" at the Chapel of the Transfiguration in Jackson Hole





Oxbow Bend of the Snake River with Jackson Lake and Tetons

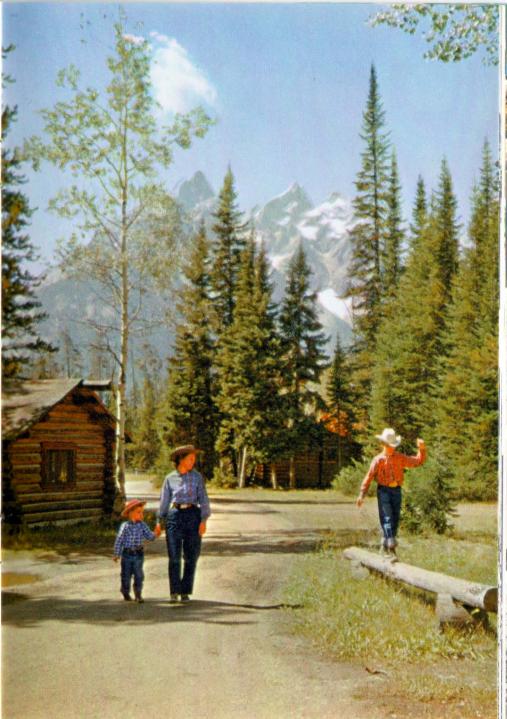
# JENNY LAKE LODGE

Within a few miles of Jackson Lake Lodge there is the Jenny Lake Lodge, situated in a forested vale surrounded by scenic grandeur. The Cathedral group of the mighty Teton mountain range forms an impressive and inspiring background. Delightful trails lead to three near-by Alpine lakes: Jenny, Leigh and String Lake. Rushing streams and waterfalls cascade down the mountain slopes.

The area provides unusually good lake and stream fishing. Saddle horses are available for hire. It is an enjoyable experience to follow the winding trails through woodlands and flower-carpeted valleys.

Jenny Lake Lodge offers the ultimate in quiet, peaceful vacationing. Recently refurbished to make it more comfortable than ever while preserving its unique charm, Jenny Lake Lodge has accommodations for some 76 persons. The log cottages scattered through the forested area around the central lodge are tastefully appointed, have restful beds, and private baths. A roaring fire burns each evening in the fireplace of the central lounge and the meals are exceptional, with Sunday night buffet a special event. Beneath the towering Teton peaks, Jenny Lake Lodge is most appreciated by those who demand the finest in accommodations and a rustic, informal atmosphere.

With three fine facilities available . . . Jenny Lake, Jackson Lake, and Colter Bay . . . visitors to the Grand Teton region are assured of the best in accommodations in one of America's most beautiful scenic areas.





Charming Old Faithful Inn

# YELLOWSTONE HOTELS





"The Bear Pit"

The Yellowstone visitor is well housed and well fed. The hotels furnish modern, comfortable accommodations, and only the finest of foods are served.

#### Old Faithful Inn

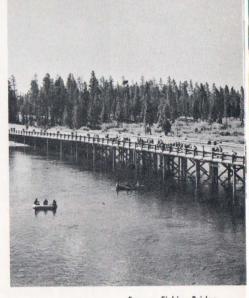
Old Faithful Inn is unique among hotels. Constructed entirely of native logs and stone, it is utterly charming. A massive fireplace in the lounge gives forth warmth and cheerfulness for evening gatherings. Off the lobby is "The Bear Pit," a charming cocktail lounge.

## Lake Hotel Lodge, and Cottages

Lake Hotel, a colonial-style hotel, overlooks Yellowstone Lake. This lake is the highest and the most beautiful lake of its size in the United States.

Rail patrons will enjoy an overnight stay at Lake Hotel. It is ideally situated near the center of the Park and for those desiring more time for boating and fishing on Lake Yellowstone. Near-by, too, is the famous Fishing Bridge over the Yellowstone River from which many cutthroat trout are caught. No fishing license is required in Yellowstone Park.

Lake Lodge has been remodeled and enlarged and the many cabins modernized.



Famous Fishing Bridge

Pleasure boating or fishing on Yellowstone Lake is thrilling





## The New Canyon Village

Canyon Village is the first major "Mission 66" project started and completed in any national park. "Mission 66" begun in 1956 by the National Park Service, is the 10-year program designed to increase visitor facilities in the national parks, and at the same time, give added protection to natural features.

Canyon Village, an eight-milliondollar development, is a complete village in every sense. It houses approximately 1,550 guests in more than 500 modern, motel-type living units.

The new Canyon Village Lodge, pictured above, is in a contemporary-rustic design and contains a dining

room seating 210 guests, a coffee shop for 66, and a cafeteria seating 300 at one time. In the Lodge there is also a cocktail lounge, barber shop, beauty shop, camera shop, gift shop and a general lounge.

An important tourist facility in the new Canyon Village is the National Park Service Visitor Center opened in 1958. The new village blends with its natural surroundings of pine forest and the rugged beauty of Yellowstone's mountains. Nearby is the Grand Canyon as well as the towering Upper and Lower Falls. Only a short distance away are Inspiration Point, Artist Point and other spectacular views of the Canyon.

## Mammoth Hotel and Cottages

Headquarters of Yellowstone National Park are at Mammoth Hot Springs. Here are located the office of the Park Superintendent and other executive offices of the park administration, and of the Yellowstone Park Company and Haynes Picture Shops. A post office and Visitors' Center are located at this point, as is Mam-



Dining room, Canyon Village Lodge



Mammoth Hotel and Dining Room

mouth Hot Springs Hotel. Mammoth is ideally situated in a charming highland valley among some of the most striking mountain scenery in the Park.

## "Postscript"

Hotels, the world over, have certain personalities, and guests in Yellowstone Park are immediately conscious that each Yellowstone hotel has a distinctive character. They are on a magnificent scale, like the Park itself, their architecture complementing the carefully-chosen locations.

Guest rooms are pleasant and comfortable, furnished in good taste, not as richly as some city hotels, but with inviting charm as befits a resort deep in the Rocky Mountains. Every bedroom has hot and cold water, but not all rooms have private bath. For this reason, standard Yellowstone tour tickets at \$56.95 do not include rooms with private bath. Convenient detached bathrooms are available.

Meals are excellent and bountiful to suit keen appetites, which the mountain air never fails to stimulate.

There is an air of hospitable informality about, the Yellowstone hotels, with employees extending skillful and courteous attention.

Minerva Terrace at Mammoth Hot Springs



# YELLOWSTONE WILD LIFE



Moose



Pronghorn



Mountain Sheep



Deer

Bears Yellowstone has long been renowned as a refuge for wild animals. While the visitor may not see many animals from the highway, the silent watcher on the trails will not be disappointed. A 1959 visitor to Yellowstone reported seeing as many as 58 bears on or from the park loop road in one day.

The famous Yellowstone brown and black bears are the ones most frequently seen. The less-sociable grizzlies are seldom seen.

Park regulations forbid feeding, touching or teasing the bears. Observe them *only* from a safe distance.

#### Other Animals

Tramping a forest trail your footsteps may disturb a deer that bounds away at your approach. In some of the grassy valleys of Yellowstone are immense herds of elk. Bands of bighorn sheep scale the rocky heights with amazing agility.

Buffalo roam the eastern section of the Park, away from the main roads. Quite likely you will catch glimpses of other animals—antelope, moose, coyote, beaver, porcupine, squirrel and mink, some of which are pictured here.

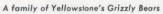
More than 200 species of birds spend their summers in the Park. Eagles may be seen among the crags. Wild ducks and geese are abundant. Many large, white swans and pelicans lend charm to Yellowstone Lake.



A part of Yellowstone's buffalo herd



A frisky fellow







Mother bear and cub go for a stroll



An eager beaver

## Fishing

Yellowstone is a fisherman's dream come true. Nearly all the streams and lakes contain one or more species of trout. Whitefish and grayling may also be caught. Fishing equipment is obtainable in the Park. No license required.

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Herd of elk on the alert





Sauare dance at Old Faithful Lodge

#### Other Forms of Recreation

Yellowstone offers many forms of healthful recreation. Hiking is popular. Safe horseback trails beckon. Saddle horses and guides are available at Mammoth Hot Springs, Old Faithful and Grand Canyon.

Some "added attractions" to the recreation schedule were started in 1959 and which have proven popular are: Stagecoach Rides and Cook-outs to-Pleasant Valley (from Roosevelt Lodge); Fish Frys on Stevenson Island (from Lake Hotel dock); and bus trips to summit of Mt. Washburn (from Canyon Village and or from Lake Hotel).

#### Entertainment

Every minute of the day is pleasant at Yellowstone and the evening hours, too, are filled with fun. Impromptu entertainments, lectures, music for dancing and for listening round out the day. There are National Park Service Visitors' Centers at each major center in the Park. Ranger-naturalist tours and evening talks (as pictured below) are offered.



# ESCORTED, ALL-EXPENSE TOURS

(From Chicago and Omaha)

Why not enjoy a really carefree vacation this summer by joining one of the delightful all-expense, escorted tours operated by our Department of Tours? You know in advance what your trip will cost. You'll travel with congenial companions. Competent escorts look after all travel details leaving you free to enjoy every precious minute of your vacation. There's a variety of tours from which to choose leaving Chicago weekly during the season.

Yellowstone tours include Grand Teton National Park and Salt Lake City, and are combined with other attractions such as Denver's Mountain Parks or Rocky Mountain National Park in Colorado, or with Zion, Bryce and Grand Canyon National Parks in Utah and Arizona. There are other tours to Colorado including Colorado

Springs and Rocky Mountain National Park. Other tours visit the scenic wonderlands of Zion, Bryce and Grand Canyon National Parks, and include Denver, California tours visit Yosemite National Park and other principal attractions in the state such as Disneyland, and include Las Vegas, Nevada, and Hoover Dam. One of our most popular tours is that to the Pacific Northwest via the beautiful Columbia River Gorge, includes Portland, Tacoma, Mount Rainier National Park, Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver and returns via the Canadian Rockies (Lake Louise and Banff)

For descriptive literature or reservations, address Union Pacific Department of Tours, One South LaSalle Street, Chicago 3, Illinois, any Union Pacific representative (see directory or page 44), or see your travel agent.

Coaches have deep-cushioned, reclining seats with "stretch out" leg rests.





INDEPENDENT MOTOR BUS TRIPS THROUGH YELLOWSTONE AND GRAND TETON NATIONAL PARKS

Persons who travel independently by railroad make a complete allexpense circle trip of Yellowstone, or in combination with Grand Teton National Park, in comfortable, modern motor buses, operated by competent and informed driver-guides. These circle trips assure your seeing all of the outstanding sights within the Parks. Meals and lodgings are at the hotels in Yellowstone, or at Jackson Lake Lodge.



SEE SUPPLEMENT FOR COSTS AND SCHEDULES

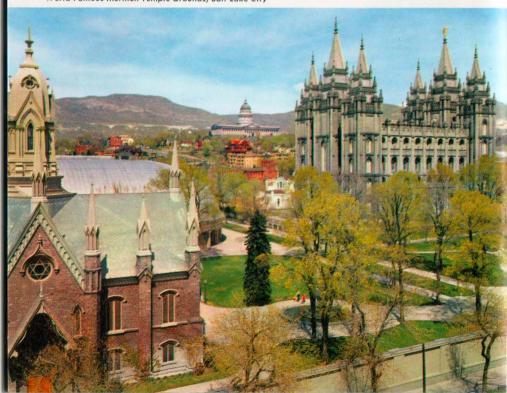
## SALT LAKE CITY STOP-OVER

Travelers en route to or from Yellowstone may arrange to stop over at beautiful Salt Lake City. Visitors come from all over the world to see the famous Mormon Temple, or take a dip in Great Salt Lake—a novel experience.

There is a free organ concert daily during the noon-hour for visitors to the Mormon Tabernacle. In and around Salt Lake City are many other interesting sights.



World Famous Mormon Temple Grounds, Salt Lake City





Make your own "Westerns" from a Dome Coach or Lounge Car



Union Pacific serves both Yellowstone and Grand Teton National Parks via either Ashton or Victor, Idaho, and during the Park Season offers convenient service from the East and Pacific Coast.

During the Park season, also, round trip tickets are sold at nearly all stations in the United States and Canada to Ashton-Yellowstone Park, or to Victor, Idaho; you may enter via either gateway and return from the other.

From any place in the United States tickets may be routed so passengers

enter the Park from Ashton, Idaho, and depart from Victor, Idaho, Gardiner, or Red Lodge, Montana, or Cody, Wyoming—other gateways to the Park.

Traveling Union Pacific to Yellowstone and Grand Teton National Parks from the East one can include stopovers at Denver, Ogden and Salt Lake City.

These parks are also a pleasurable side trip from Salt Lake City, Ogden, or Pocatello for travelers to or from the Pacific Coast.

## UNION PACIFIC'S "DOUBLE FEATURE"

### Combines Yellowstone and Grand Teton National Parks

For those desiring this "double" vacation treat - Union Pacific's two Park gateways make it most convenient. During the summer season through sleeping cars and coaches operate from Salt Lake City, Utah, and Pocatello, Idaho, to Ashton-Yellowstone Park and Victor, Idaho (see map inside back cover). Through trains from Chicago and St. Louis as well as from Pacific Coast points, make convenient connections with these through cars at Ogden, Salt Lake City or Pocatello. You will enjoy Union Pacific's fine Domeliner or Streamliner service as an "added attraction."



The Main Lounge, downstairs in the Dome Lounge Car



IN addition to Yellowstone-Grand Teton National Parks, Union Pacific also serves:

#### PACIFIC NORTHWEST

A trip to the scenic and magnificent Pacific Northwest can easily be combined with a trip to Yellowstone.

#### SUN VALLEY, IDAHO

America's foremost vacation and sports center is just a short side trip from Ogden, or Salt Lake City, Utah, or Pocatello, Idaho. Offers complete summer and winter sports programs in season.

#### SOUTHERN UTAH ARIZONA NATIONAL PARKS

Zion, Bryce Canyon, Grand Canyon National Parks can easily be visited in connection with a trip to Yellowstone, or en route to or from California.

#### CALIFORNIA

With a variety of climate, scenic attractions and outdoor activities, California provides everything for the perfect vacation. Served by Union Pacific to Los Angeles and San Francisco.

#### COLORADO

The Rocky Mountain wonderland, where East meets West. Served by fine Union Pacific trains from all parts of the country.











## GENERAL INFORMATION

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE The National Park Service, U. S. Department of the Interior, has full jurisdiction over Yellowstone National Park and is represented by a resident Superintendent, whose headquarters are at Mammoth Hot Springs. The National Park Service of which Conrad L. Wirth is director, has jurisdiction over all national parks.

WHAT TO WEAR Warm clothing should be worn, and one should be prepared for the sudden changes of temperature common at an altitude of 7,500 feet. Visitors should have medium weight overcoats, jackets, "windbreakers" or sweaters. Stout outing shoes are best suited for walking about the geyser formations and terraces, and for mountain use. Women's ordinary street shoes are not well adapted for these walks. Tinted glasses, serviceable gloves and a pair of field or opera glasses will be found useful.

BAGGAGE The Yellowstone Park Company will carry free, two pieces of hand baggage for each person, not exceeding 60 lbs. in total weight. (Grand Teton Lodge Company's limit is 50 lbs.) Additional pieces of hand baggage, for complete tour of park—\$1.00 each, charged by Yellowstone Park Company and by Grand Teton Lodge Company. There is no arrangement for carrying trunks into the Parks.

CHURCH SERVICES The chapel in Yellowstone National Park is located at Mammoth Hot Springs. Protestant and Catholic services are held every Sunday in the chapel and at other points in the Park, and are bulletined in hotels.

MEDICAL FACILITIES Physicians have headquarters at Mammoth Hot Springs and are available for service at any place in the Park. Also at Mammoth Hot Springs is a well-equipped hospital with skilled personnel. Trained nurses are also stationed in each hotel. Rates are the same as prevail in cities near the Park.

SADDLE HORSE TRIPS AND GUIDES Saddle horses and competent guides are available at the Yellowstone Park hotels and Grand Teton Lodge Company facilities at reasonable rates approved by the National Park Service. Horseback trips afford opportunities to get far away from roads and beaten paths into the remoter scenic regions and to see many of the more timid wild animals that inhabit the Park.



MAIL, TELEGRAPH AND TELE-PHONE The main post office in the Park is Yellowstone Park, Wyoming and is lo-cated at Mammoth Hot Springs. Guests stopping at hotels should have their mail addressed to Old Faithful Inn, to Canyon Village, Lake Hotel or to Mammoth Hotel. Yellowstone Park, Wyoming, depending at which place the addressee will be when the mail is received. Mail for travelers in Grand Teton Park should be addressed care of individual lodge where you plan to stay. Telegraph and telephone service between all hotels; telegraph to all parts of the world; telephone connections throughout the United States. Address your message to the hotel where addressee will be. If the person is at some point other than that of receipt, delivery of message entails a forwarding charge. Money transfers at all hotels in the Park.

SPECIAL AUTOMOBILE SERVICE The Yellowstone Park Company and the Grand Teton Lodge Company both have auto-rental services at reasonable rates. Advance reservation must be made.

GUIDE AND LECTURE SERVICE The National Park Service has established a nature guide service at Mammoth Hot Springs, Old Faithful, West Thumb, Norris, Lake and Canyon, where guides and lecturers are maintained on the naturalist force to explain and interpret Park features to the public. Trips are made afield, and are so arranged as to be available to everybody. This service is free, as are the evening lectures on the history, geology, flora and fauna.

At Mammoth Hot Springs is a combined Visitors' Center and information office near the administration headquarters and post office. There are interesting Visitors' Centers also at Madison Junction, Old Faithful, Fishing Bridge, Canyon Village and Norris.

CONSULT UNION PACIFIC REPRESENTATIVES Any Union Pacific representative at the addresses listed on page 44 will be glad to help you plan a trip to Yellowstone Park or to any of the other places reached by the Union Pacific Railroad.



Yellowstone has everything for the camera addict, but the Park presents some subjects rather difficult to capture satisfactorily.

In either color or black and white the geysers are best photographed with quartering or slightly back light. Use panchromatic film and a fairly strong yellow filter or even a light red filter.

Color shots of Old Faithful are best made very early in the morning or late in the afternoon. If you are lucky enough to catch a color shot of an eruption against a sunset sky you will have a prize.

Hot pools demand considerable exposure to reproduce the color in the depths of the pool. Do not waste time on hot pools if the day is cool and steam obscures the subjects. On such days the geysers give their best photographic eruptions.

In shooting geysers use a fast speed. Expose for the white and let the rest of the picture fall into a low key.

In using an exposure meter in Yellowstone be careful to see that bright areas in the foreground do not give a false reading.

Your questions regarding either still or moving picture photography in Yellowstone will be answered fully if you will address Manager, Photographic Department, Union Pacific Railroad, Union Pacific Bldg., 1416 Dodge Street, Omaha 2, Nebraska.

HAYNES PICTURE SHOPS Pictures, albums, guide books, postcards, camera supplies and printing and developing service may be had at Haynes Picture Shops located in the hotels and lodges and elsewhere in the Park.

# PLAN YOUR TRIP

Let one of Union Pacific's courteous and informed representatives assist you with the details of your trip. There is no cost to you and you will find his helpful suggestions will add materially to your enjoyment of the trip. Write, phone, or call at any of the Union Pacific offices listed below.

Aberdeen, Wash.....3 Union Passenger Sta.



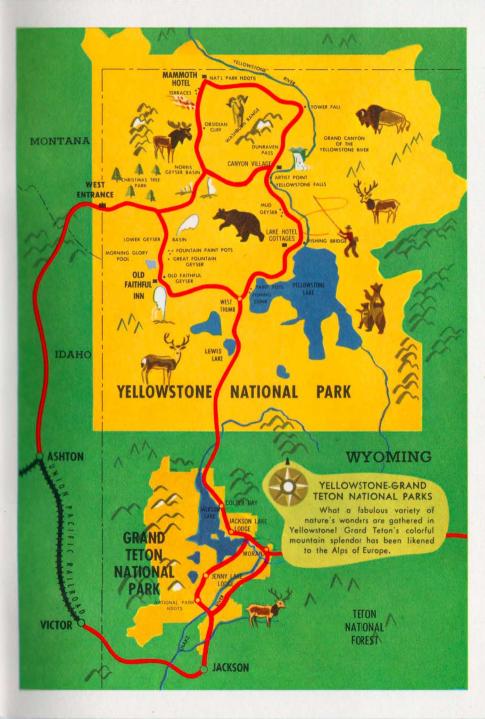
Alhambra, Cal
Atlanta 3, Ga
Birmingham 3, Ala. 701 Brown-Marx Bldg. Boise, IdaIdaho Bldg., 212 N. 8th St. Boston 8, Mass 294 Washington St. Bremerton, Wash 228 First St. Butte, Mont 609 Metals Bank Bldg. Cheyenne, Wyo 121 W. 15th St. Chicago 3, Ill 1 S. LaSalle St. Cincinnati 2, O303 Dixie Terminal Bldg. Cleveland 13, O1407 Terminal Tower
Deltas 1, Tex.  2108 Mercantile Bank Bldg. Denver 2, Colo
Huntington Park, Cal7002 Pacific Blvd. Kansas City 6, Mo2 E. Eleventh St. Las Vegas, NevUnion Pacific Station Lewiston, IdahoRoom 7, Union Depot Lincoln 8, Nebr234 S. 13th St. Long Beach 2, Cal.

New York 20, N. Y
Philadelphia 2, Pa
701 S.W. Washington St.
Reno, Nev
San Diego 1, Cal320 Broadway San Francisco 5, Cal405 Market St. San Jose 13, Cal
Santa Ana, Cal305 N. Main St.
Santa Monica, Cal
Stockton 6, Cal206 California Bldg. Tacoma 2, Wash114 S. Ninth St. Toronto 1, Ontario
311 Reynolds Bldg.

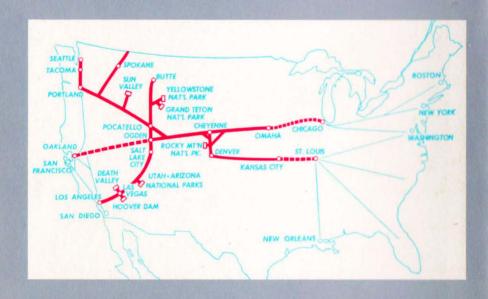
Yakima, Wash......Union Pacific Bldg.

# UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

Litho in U.S.A. "20" April 1962







# SERVING THE BEST OF THE WEST WITH DEPENDABLE TRANSPORTATION

Be Specific . . . Say "UNION PACIFIC"