

Dinner



Temple Square

Rio Grande

Rio Grande Dinner

Sauterne, Ind. Bottle—.65

Burgundy, Ind. Bottle—.65

Manhattan Cocktail—.60

Martini Cocktail—.60

Ripe Olives

Pascal Celery

Puree of Split Pea Soup—or—Fruit Cocktail

Colorado Mountain Trout, Lemon Butter..... 2.00

Salisbury Steak, Creole Sauce..... 1.60

Pan Fried Pork Chops, Apple Rings..... 1.90

Roast Turkey, Savory Dressing, Cranberry Jelly..... 2.25

Rio Grande Sirloin Steak, Mushroom Sauce..... 3.50

Baked Potato

Baked Squash

Hot Tea Biscuits

Salad—Hearts of Lettuce, 1000 Island Dressing

Mince or Pumpkin Pie

Pineapple Sundae

Baked Apple with Cream

The Cheese Dish—Toasted Saltines

Coffee

Tea

Milk

Buttermilk

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Saccharin available, if desired

Parents may share their portions with children without extra charge

Half portions will be served children under twelve years of age, at half price

Write selection on meal checks, as waiters cannot accept verbal orders.

H. F. Eno


Passenger Traffic Manager

C. A. Wall

Supt. Dining Car and Hotel Dept.

Denver & Rio Grande Western Railroad, Denver, Colo.

NO BAR SERVICE AFTER 9:00 P. M.



THRU THE ROCKIES — NOT AROUND THEM

Temple Square

This year marks the Utah Centennial celebration.

One hundred years ago, on July 24, 1847, Brigham Young, dynamic leader of the Latter Day Saints, viewed the barren Salt Lake Valley from the mouth of Immigration Canyon and made the greatest decision of his brilliant life. To his small vanguard of intrepid religious exiles, who were looking for a new Holy Land in the wilderness beyond the western frontier, he announced, "This is the place."

Those simple words sparked the most monumental achievement in the annals of modern religion.

Dauntless faith, indomitable courage, zealous fortitude, pioneer ingenuity; these were the tools with which the Mormons transformed a desert wasteland into a fertile garden.

Soon after his arrival on the present site of Salt Lake City, Brigham Young, while walking, suddenly stopped, struck his stick into the parched soil, and declared, "Here we will build the temple of our God."

Forty years of often-interrupted, but prodigious, labor went into the erection of the magnificent structure. Some of the first, huge stones of native gray granite were hauled twenty-five miles, one at a time, by four-yoke ox teams.

The great, six-spired temple stands today a splendid monument to pioneer Mormon inspiration, architecture and theologic functionalism.

Atop the paramount spire stands the golden-covered statue of the trumpeting angel, Moroni, proclaiming the restoration of the gospel.

A ten-acre city block enclosed by a fifteen-foot wall, Temple Square, Salt Lake City, is the hub of Mormon culture and cynosure for thousands of travelers annually.

A few yards back of the spectacular temple stands the huge tabernacle, unique and severe in design, its vaulted roof resembling a gargantuan tortoise shell.

The Mormon Tabernacle's incredible acoustics are world-renowned. A pin dropped at one end can be heard at the other end more than two hundred feet away.

Housed in the massive tabernacle is the equally noted organ containing almost seven thousand pipes. It has been heard by millions over the Columbia Broadcasting System on Sunday mornings.

Centrally located in Salt Lake City's main intersection (see foreground, cover picture) is sculptor Dallin's statue of Brigham Young whose wisdom and foresight made possible the thriving empire of Utah.

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE WESTERN RAILROAD