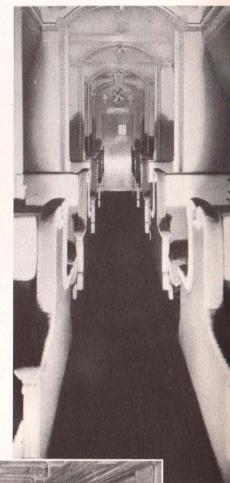


• West — via the Northern Pacific

aboard! It's leaving time. The luxurious North Coast Limited, air-conditioned like a spring morning, is ready for its journey across the plains and mountains to the North Pacific coast. Easy chairs are waiting in the handsome club-like observation car and it and every car on the train will look out upon a picturesque country which makes everybody want to go West.

In addition to most modern standard Pullmans, dining and observation-club cars, the North Coast Limited carries newly-conditioned tourist sleeping cars with reserved accommodations, and de luxe coaches for travelers wishing essential comforts at the lowest possible cost.

Complete air-conditioning of every car, hospitable service and famously good Northern Pacific meals will add to your enjoyment of the scenic procession on the route of the "First of the Northern Transcontinentals".









hicago, second largest city of the United States and daily the railroad center for hundreds of trains from all sections of the nation and most of North America, is the starting point of the journey. The North Coast Limited leaves the Chicago Union Station and runs via the Burlington Route across northern Illinois and along the Wisconsin bank of the Mississippi giver to Saint Paul

Chicago Union Station, one of the largest in the world since it opening in 1925, was arected at a cost of \$69,690,000. Track and other arrangements put the total at \$68,000,000.

Where "O!" Man River"—the Mississippi—gathers his forces to roll southward, the Burlington Route basks in the simile of Nature for 300 mules, Saranna, Illinois, to Saint Paul.

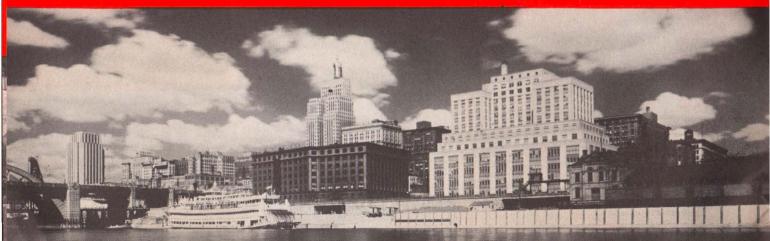


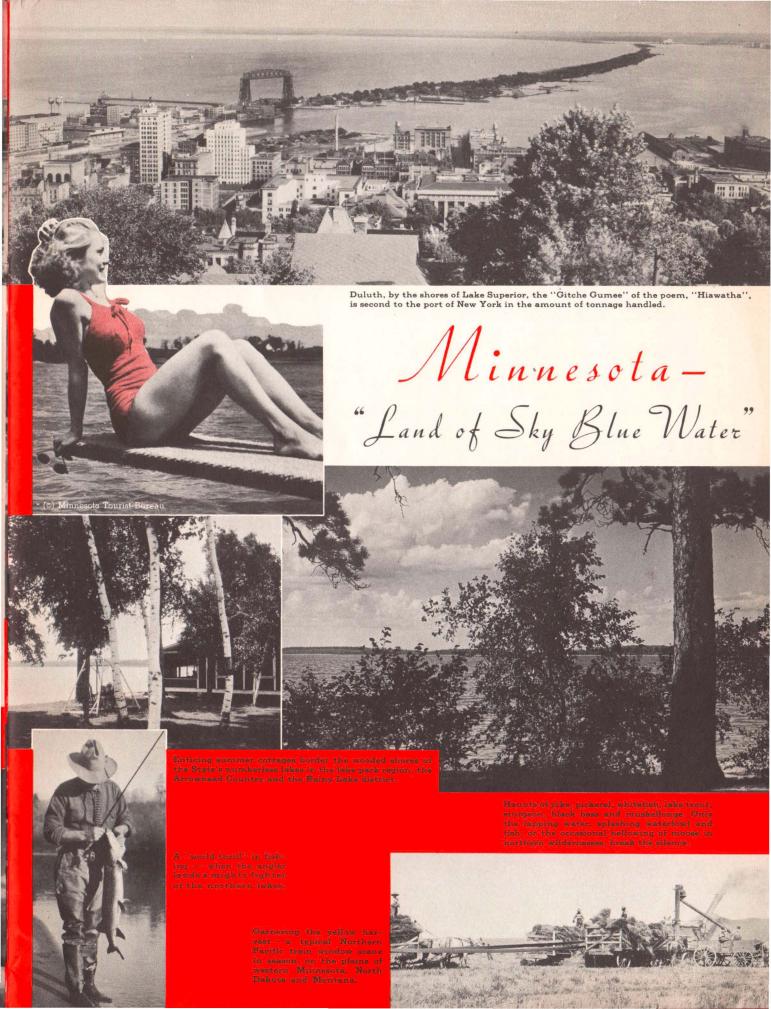
he Twin Cities, Saint Paul and Minneapolis, gateway to the Northwest, mark entry into the dairy, grain and livestock ranching country of the Northwest, the iron mining and timber districts of the North Woods

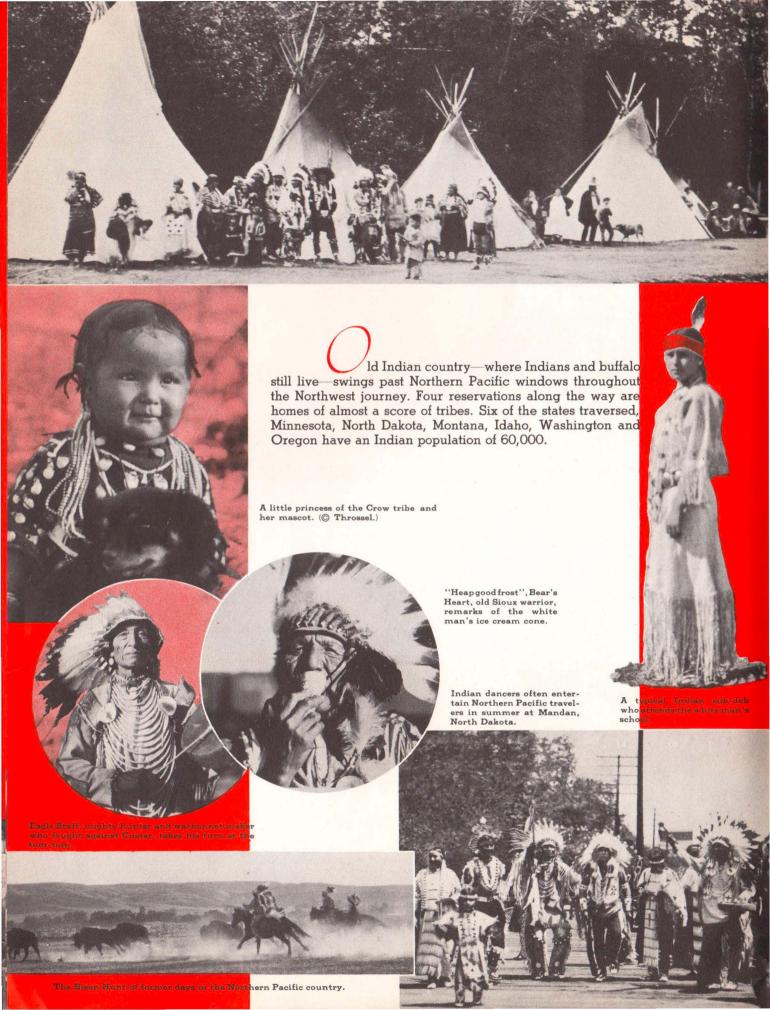
and Minnesota's playland of 10,000

lakes

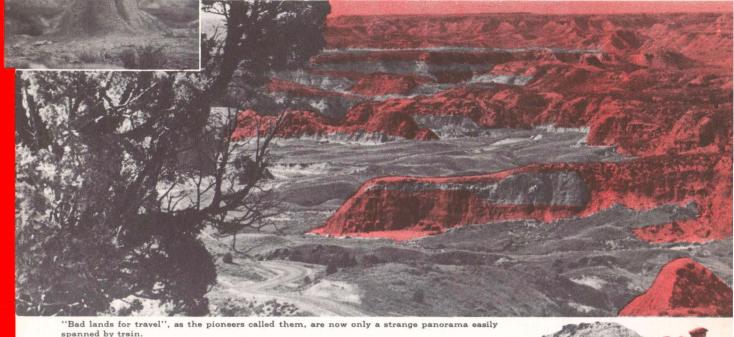
Sann Bard, Winter Cannivel City and capital of Minnesta, no stop, from the Mississippi River weterfront beneath the cloud-dappled Skins of scinitum.







One of the freak bad land North Dakota's sights is a petrified stump 12 feet in diameter resting on a tall clay pedestal. Colorful Bad Lands



est of Dickinson, Northern Pacific trains steam for thirty miles through the weird and fantastic fire-painted bad lands which General Sully campaigned in 1864 and picturesquely called "hell with the lights out". Through the same area General





This cabin, Theodore Roosevelt's ranch home in the Bad Lands, now stands on the North Dakota state capitol grounds in Bismarck.

Flaming red, forged by lignite fires in past ages, is the most striking of many colors in this weird landscape seen from the North Coast Limited.

Expressive of ranch life is the Christadora, status, "Range Ridor of the Yellowitedo", overlocking the Morthgen Padric course from the vinured near Ellings, Mortana. It was peed by William S. Hant, western here of the elleric scient, and his house "Patnt", (c) Borek.

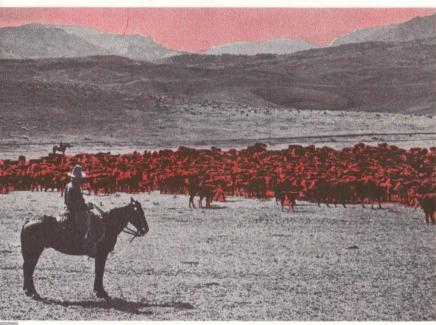
Applying the brand is the job of a moment but it is permanent indense of ownership however for the animal may



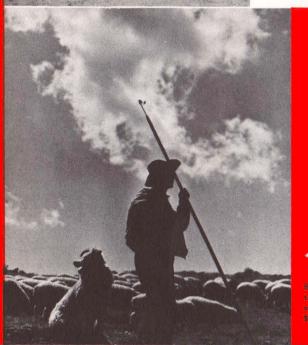
Montana —

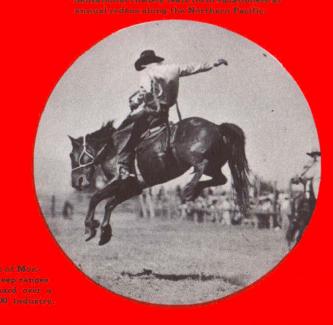
1 THE "TREASURE STATE"

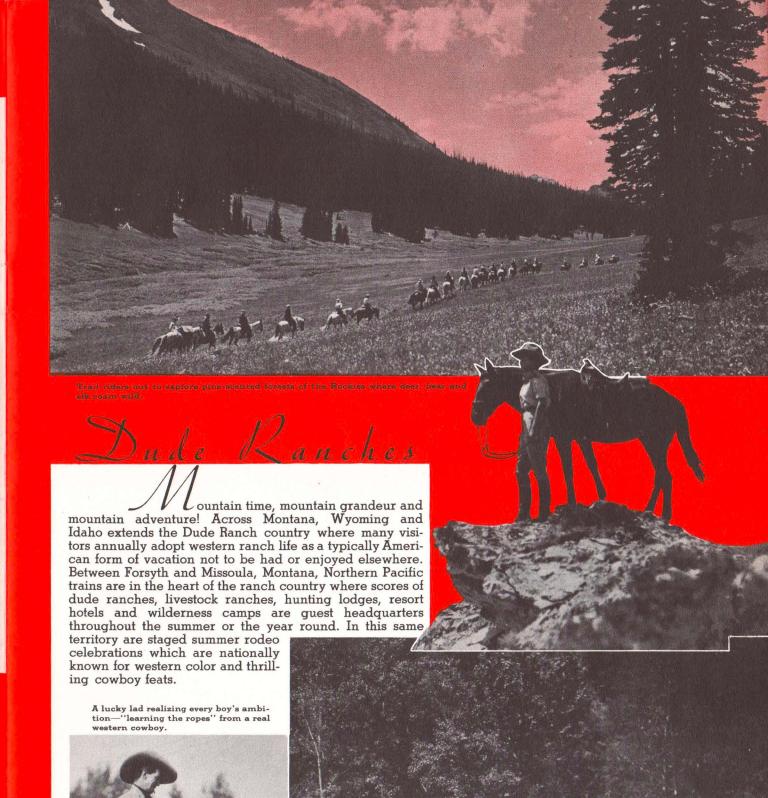
ontana, "Treasure State", where mines and ranches meet, traces its ranch industry to the stirring days of the Chisholm Trail over which great herds of longhorn cattle surged north from Texas to Montana ranges. With completion of the Northern Pacific in 1883, the tireless iron horse replaced the long, perilous cattle drives and rapidly expanded the picturesque ranching enterprises which are one of the charms of the West.



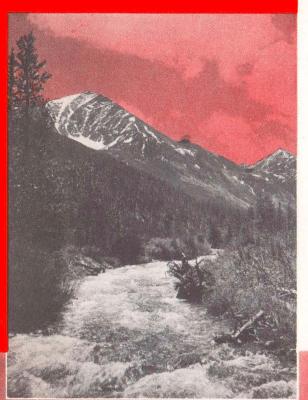
Roundup time on the plains, when the ranchers harvest their calf crop in the spring or beef crop in the fall, is a big event in the cattle country.





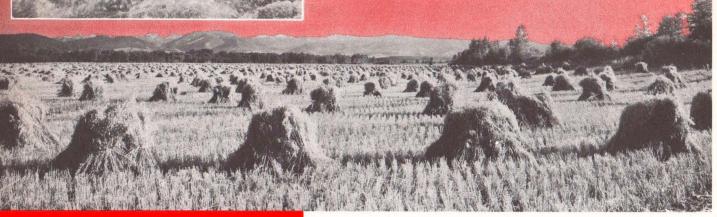


Guests at a dude ranch enjoying the modern version of the "ol swimmin' hole".

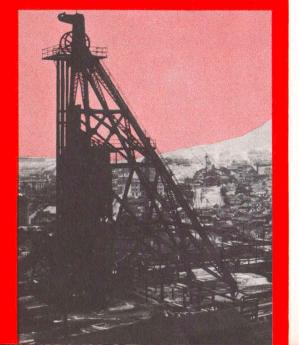


The Gallatin Valley

mong the rich mountain valleys enroute is the Gallatin, Montana, discovered and named by Lewis and Clark in 1805 for Albert Gallatin, Thomas Jefferson's secretary of the treasury. It is the leading agricultural section of Montana. Wealth, from farm produce to scenery, cattle, coal, asbestos, native fish and game, have made the valley noted. At Bozeman, its metropolis, is located Montana State College, headquarters for agricultural education in the state. The Bozeman-Gallatin way to Yellowstone Park passes through the fertile valley and scenic Gallatin Canyon.



Solden grain of the Callatin Valley, besking under the same sky as the treasure of the mountains, has topped markets as far distant as Europe, Japan and Australia. Boyc — Spanish Borks, set as do by the national government as primitive area and big game refuge, for recreational purposes only.



"Greatest Mining Camp
On Earth"

ooking downward through the train windows from the eminence of the great Continental Divide, Northern Pacific travelers see Butte, Montana, as a far-spreading, modern city rather than a mining camp. But in reality mine shafts are next door to business houses and the mine tunnels underground are ten times as extensive as the surface streets. From its subterranean "city" Butte lifts one-third of all the copper mined in the United States and one-sixth of the world's supply. Silver, lead, zinc and manganese are obtained from the same source.

On the Irail of Lewis and Clark

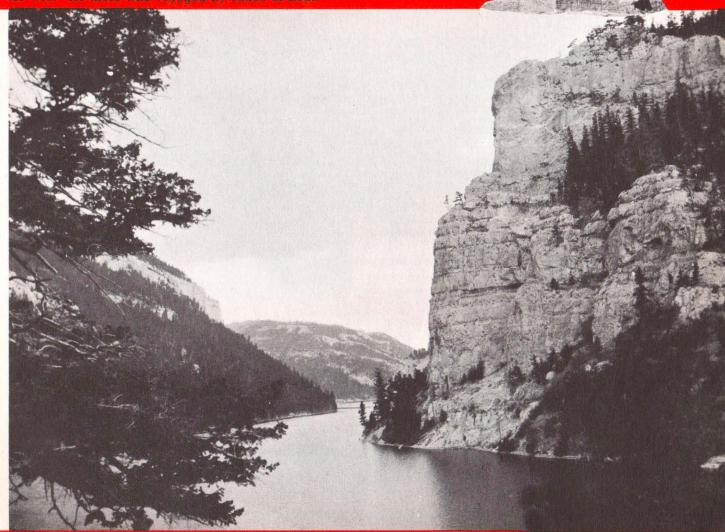
ollowing the original trail of Lewis and Clark for hundreds of miles, Northern Pacific trains steam "where a woman led the way". Sacagawea, 19 year-old Shoshone Indian mother, who with her papoose on her back piloted the white explorers across the wilderness, is commemorated by statues and memorials in several cities along the Northern Pacific.

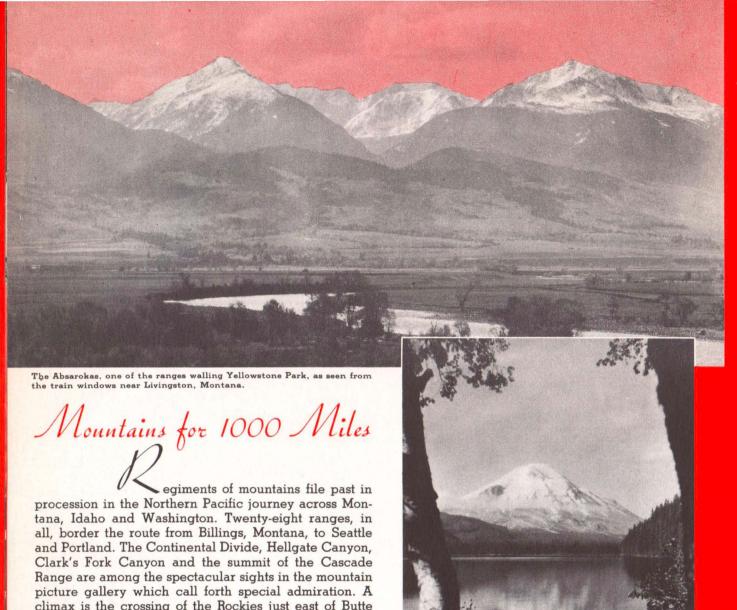
Near Helena, Montana, Sacagawea led the white men westward through the "Gates of the Mountains", portal carved by the Missouri river in the Big Belt Range of the Rockies and named by Captain Meriwether Lewis.

Visitors to this place are charmed alike by its solemn beauty and its place in Northwest history.

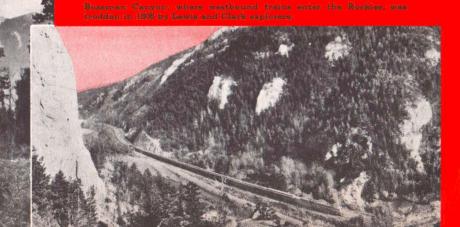
'Nothing can be imagined more tremendous than the fromning darkness of these rocks", wrote Lewis in his diary. "The river, of one hundred fifty yards in width, seems to have forced its channel down this solid mass."

Until completion of the railroad, these pillars were the "gates to the fax west" for those who voyaged by cance or boat.





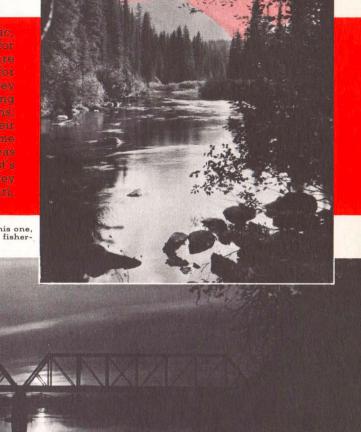
climax is the crossing of the Rockies just east of Butte where in a single moment the train passes over the crest of the divide which separates the eastern slope from the Pacific slope. Counties lie under the view as the train ascends, doubles back, describes curves and presents views of peaks and chasms first from this side and then from that. The line through Helena, Montana, crosses the summit west of that city.



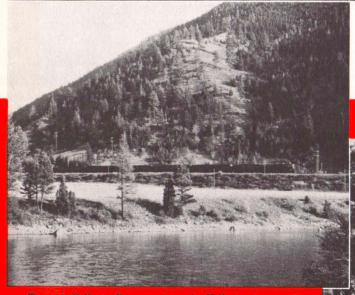
Rivers for 1406 Miles

beautiful, serviceable—often have to take a back seat for the more spectacular features of a country. People are prone to think of a river as semething to be taken for granted but not so with the rivers of the Northwest. They tumble down the mountainside alive with game, fighting trout; cut their way through deep, kaleidoscopic canyons, sing of printitive days when Indians alone knew their courses; and wander o'er placid plains which one time heard only the bison stampede. Along their banks was found the first glint of mineral treasure. Five of the west's historic rivers appear in the North Coast Limited journey between Chicago and Seattle: The Mississippi, Missouri, Yellowstone, Clark Fork and Columbia.

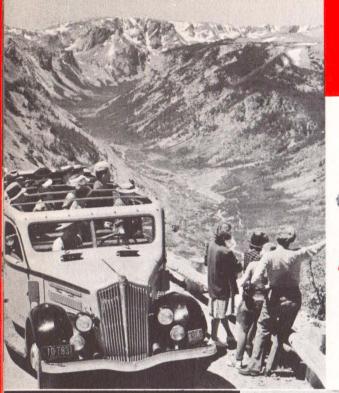
Montana abounds in beautiful rivers like this one, where fighting trout test the skill of the fly fisherman.



Sunset on the Clark Fork, an enchanting stream followed for miles through Montana mountain canyons.



Through Heligate Canyon, along the Heligate viver, westhound trains onter Missoula, "Lend of Spathling Water", where six mighty mountain sunger meet.



Astonishin RIGHT ALO

n the way across t

Please!

Looking down into Rock Creek Gorge from 10,000-feet elevation on the Red Lodge HIGH Road. The lofty Beartooth Mountains are crossed by a series of spectacular switchbacks, making this new Yel-lowstone entrance one of the world's outstanding

lies the nation's wonderland, Yellowstone Nat come from all over the world to see it. Yellow Many include the park on their transcontine enter one of three gateways: Gardiner, Mont. leave by a different gateway to obtain the ma Gateway, reached by a sensationally scenic which attains an elevation of nearly 11,000 f lowstone travelers we recommend going in R Another interesting trip is one way via Bozem road. Through daily Pullmans on the North (and Bozeman gateways during the park seas

Red Lodge Sateway

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC SERVES FOUR GATEWAYS TO **YELLOWSTONE** NATIONAL PARK

Cody Gateway

Stupendous Shoshone Gorge contributes five of Cody Road's ninety thrilling miles.



Yellowstone Park is the nation's greatest wild animal sanctu-ary. Bear, buffalo, elk, antelope, moose, mountain sheep and deer are frequently seen along the way.



The Grand Canyon of the Yello justice, is the golden gorge whi powerful climax of the park tou

Old Faithful Inn

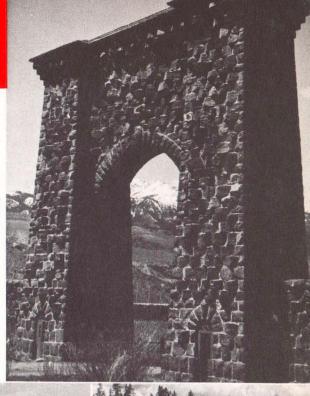


g Yellowstone

he continent over the Northern Pacific Railway ional Park, Wyoming, so astonishing that people stone is open annually from June to September. ntal rail trip at little or no extra rail fare. They , Red Lodge, Mont., or Cody, Wyo., and usually ximum of sightseeing. Newest is the Red Lodge trip over the Beartooth range of the Rockies, et — literally "On Top of the World!" For Yeled Lodge and out Gardiner or Cody Gateways. an, Montana, and the attractive Gallatin Canyon Coast Limited serve Gardiner, Cody, Red Lodge



Gardiner Jateway

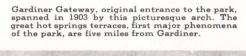




wstone, to which no picture can do ch gives the park its name and the

, original pattern of all rustic park m one of the nearby lodge windows.



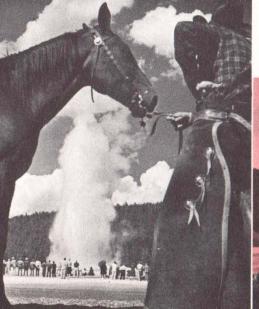




seen here in a typical and appropriate western set-ting.



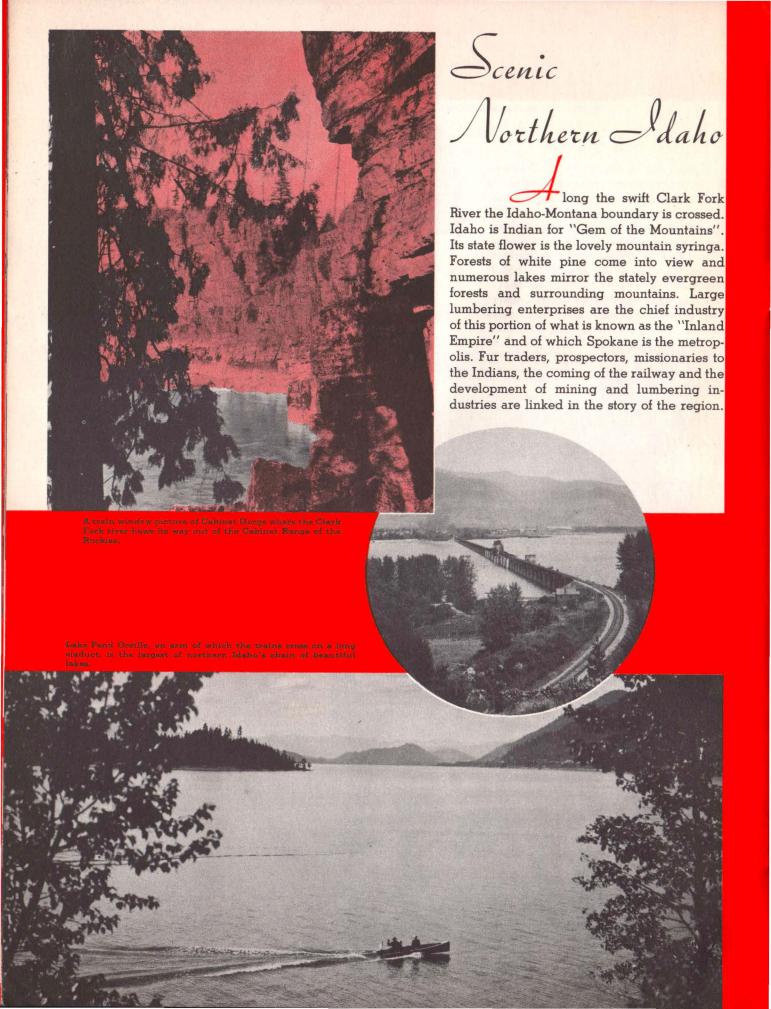
Yellowstone's scenic grandeur, its mountains, forests, lakes and rivers, is second in interest and enjoyment only to its unri-valed natural phenomena.



Bozeman-Gallatin Gateway

Another entrance to Wonderland, of rare scenic delight, is the Bozeman-Gallatin Canyon route. This may be seen in connection with any of the other gateways.

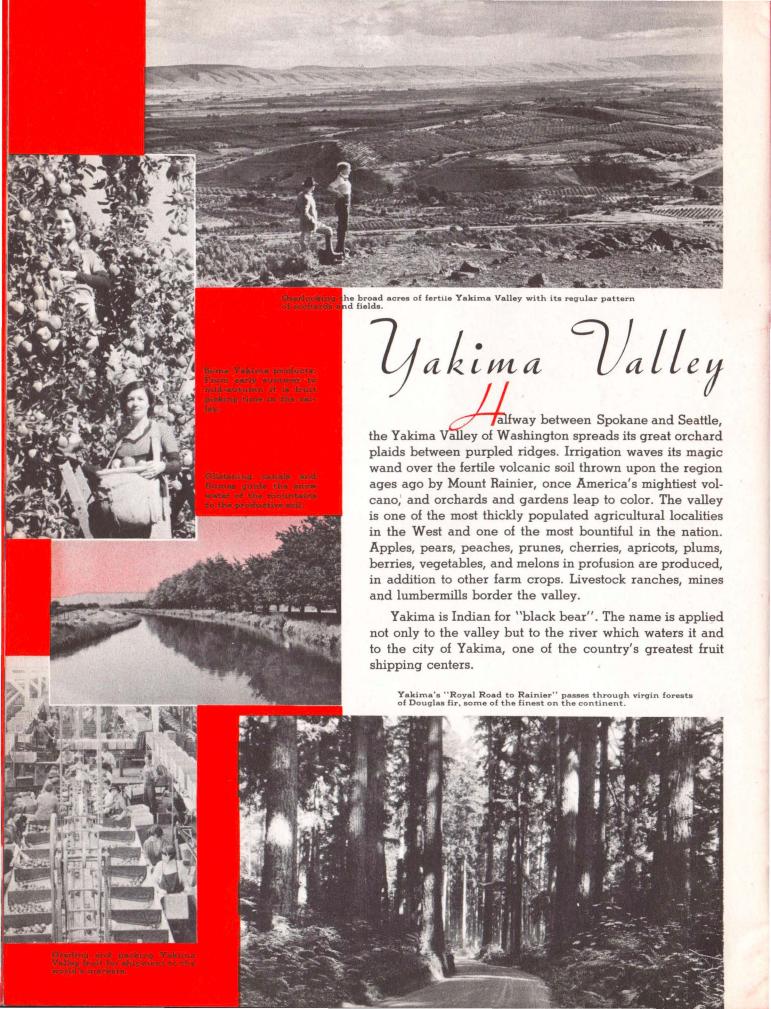


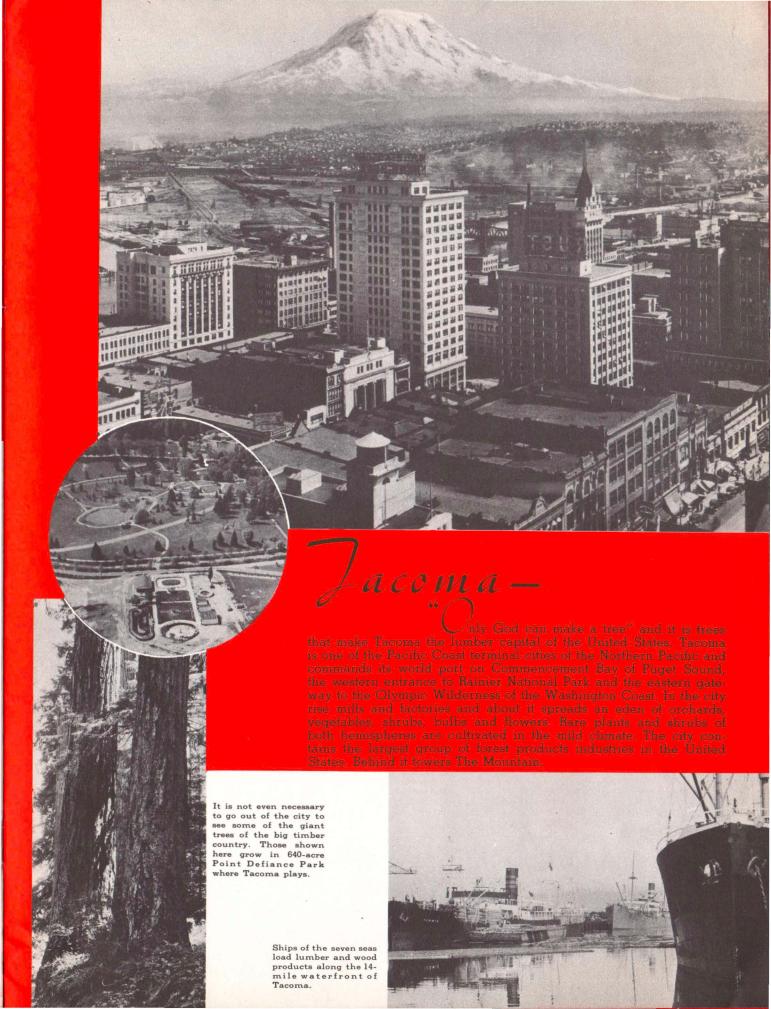




Besides the 76 lakes near Spokane, 300 more lie within easy reach by train or auto.

Grand Coulee Dam, spanning the Columbia, greatest power stream in America, takes form rapidly under impetus of thousands working on day and night shifts. The dam is easily reached by motor sidetrip from Spokane.



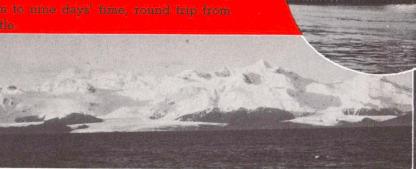




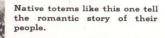
Alaska-Land of the Midnight Sun

teering toward the north star from the Pacific Northwest, a mountain walled voyage over the smooth Inside Passage leads to Alaska, "America's last frontier". World travelers declare this cruise one of the most unusual on the

ments, modern small cities, gigantic blue glaciers, peaceful forests, mighty mountains, streams and waterfalls, appear in the panorama viewed amazingly from steamer chairs or observation rooms. Alaska cruises are made at moderate cost in as little as seven to nine days' time, round trip from



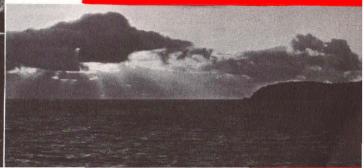
Fairweather Range, one of many ranges along the cruise, lifts its summit three and one-half miles above the sea.

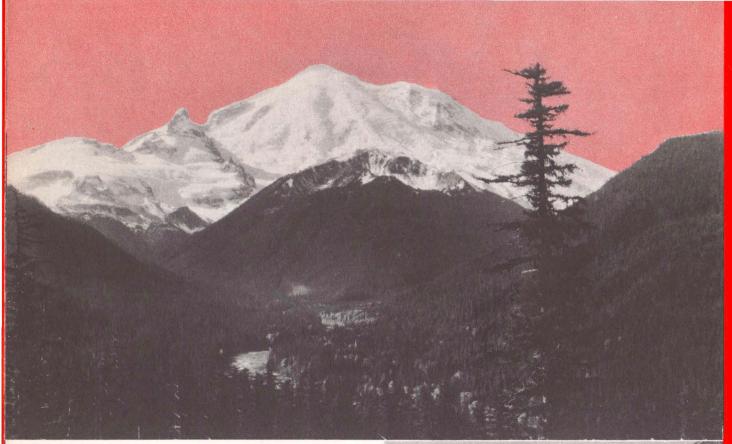


Mt. McKinley, Alaska, our farthest north national park, towers 20,300 feet, highest peak in North America



Ahead the gorgeous Inside Passage opens a mirror asia while Alaska sightness claim their treasure—the beauty of land and water and Midnight Sun.





Mount Rainier, Washington, king of the Cascades and "America's noblest peak", attracts nearly 400,000 persons annually to its mighty playground. About one-fifth of this number are winter sports devotees.

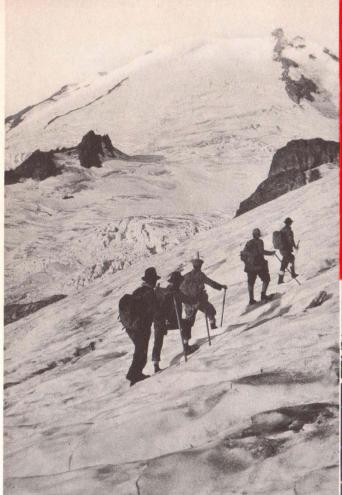


The Mountain That Was God!

Vorthern Pacific travel westbound or eastbound now includes Rainier National Park by means of the spectacular ''Rainier Detour'' between Yakima and Seattle. Yakima is the eastern gateway to the park, Tacoma and Seattle the western gateways.

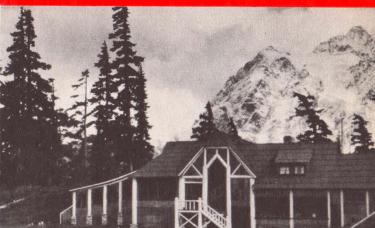
Long before white people began to enjoy the summer and winter alpine sports and year-around hospitality of the mountain, the Indian tribes worshipped its great white form and, recalling the time when it was an angry volcano, gave it the majestic title, "Tahoma—the mountain that was God".





Mount Baker

of the north of Seattle rises another alpine attraction of the Pacific Northwest, Mt. Baker, Washington, to which Uncle Sam turned when he sought a National Recreation Area with outstanding scenery and opportunity for varied sports. The Indians called Mt. Baker, "The Great White Watcher". It and its nine afterdant peaks, glaciers, lakes, streams, forests, wild creatures, riding trails and cozy chalets are reached from Bellingham, Washington, Ideal ski conditions attract American and Canadian winter sports enthusiasts.



Olympic National Park

s far west as it is possible to go in the Northern Pacific country, vacation explorers reach the new Olympic National Park with its high mountains, gigantic forests, quiet lakes and crashing streams. The Park lies west of Tacoma and Seattle and north of Aberdeen and Hoquiam, Washington. It attracted more than 75,000 visitors in 1938, its first year.



A giant of the Olympic Forest, one of the finestremaining timber stands on the western hemisphere.

Riders on the Forest Service trails follow paths made by deer and elk.



Stark grandeur of the high Olympic Mountains stirs the souls of mountaineers.

Furious, fighting front and salmon inhabit the lakes and streams, led by pain and snow water from the peaks.

Portland-

The Rose City

or You a Rose in Portland Grows", is the slogan of the "City of Roses" which greets a multitude of visitors at its renowned annual Rose Festival in June and throughout the year. Snow-spired Mount Hood, watching over the city and the surrounding fruitful valleys, is the "goal post" for vacation travelers as it formerly was for covered wagon trains in pioneer days. Drives lead from the city around the mountain and over the famous Columbia River Highway.



One of the nine bridges which span the Willamette River within the corporate limits of the city.

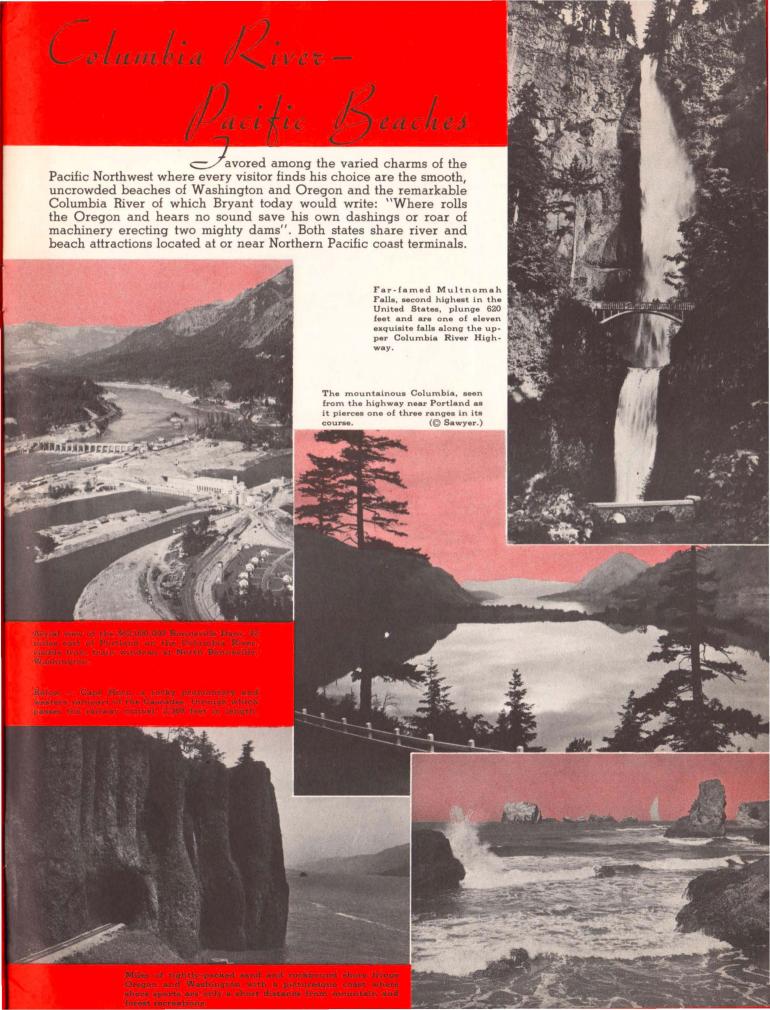
Metropolis of Oregon, Portland spreads its panoramic beauty for miles over fir-dotted valleys and plateaus while whitecapped peaks overlook the scene. (© Sawyer.)

Flowers, vines, shrubs and trees entwine their charm around Portland homes. The city's rose bushes number two million.



Picturesque Timberline Lodge, new Elpine resent on Mt. Hood in Mt. Hood National Forest, has summer and winter accommodations for 225 guests. It is reached by motor couch from Portland, 60 miles distint. Renowned skiing headquarters at entertional the 1930 registeral computation.

Ships of the world work carge at the city's 30mile weterfront on the fresh-weter Willemette, 100 miles from the open sea.



Over Puget Sound Jo British Columbia First Canadian port of call beyond Seattle is the world harbor of Victoria, British Columbia

the world harbor of Victoria, British Columbia capital on Vancouver Island, "England of the Pacific Coast" and one-third as large as Old England.

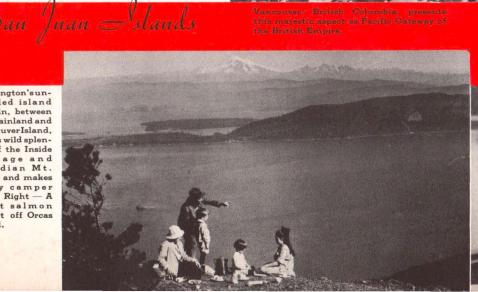




Haven of summer delight near Vancouver is Horseshoe Bay, favored for deep-sea salmon fishing.



Washington'sunpeopled island domain, between the mainland and VancouverIsland, unites wild splendor of the Inside Passage and guardian Mt. Baker and makes every camper king. Right — A giant salmon caught off Orcas Island.





When King Winter reigns in southern California, folks put on a coat of tan, oranges nod in the valleys and only the mountain peaks observe the calendar.

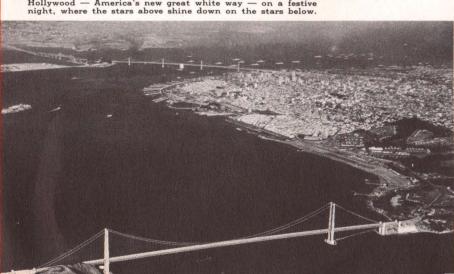
Hollywood — America's new great white way — on a festive night, where the stars above shine down on the stars below.

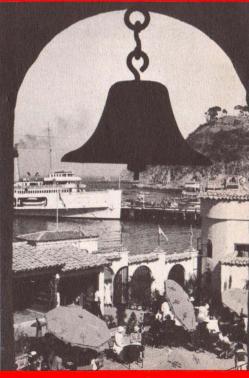
Jali to the action or the pacific northwest

conomical round trip fares to California make it possible to see the scenic Northern Pacific country and all the Pacific Coast enroute without additional ticket cost from most starting points. The route of the air-conditioned North Coast Limited furnishes travel at its bestnumerous sidetrip and stop-over attractions, varied scenery changing with the seasons and a constant high standard of comfort. "See all the West" when visiting California!

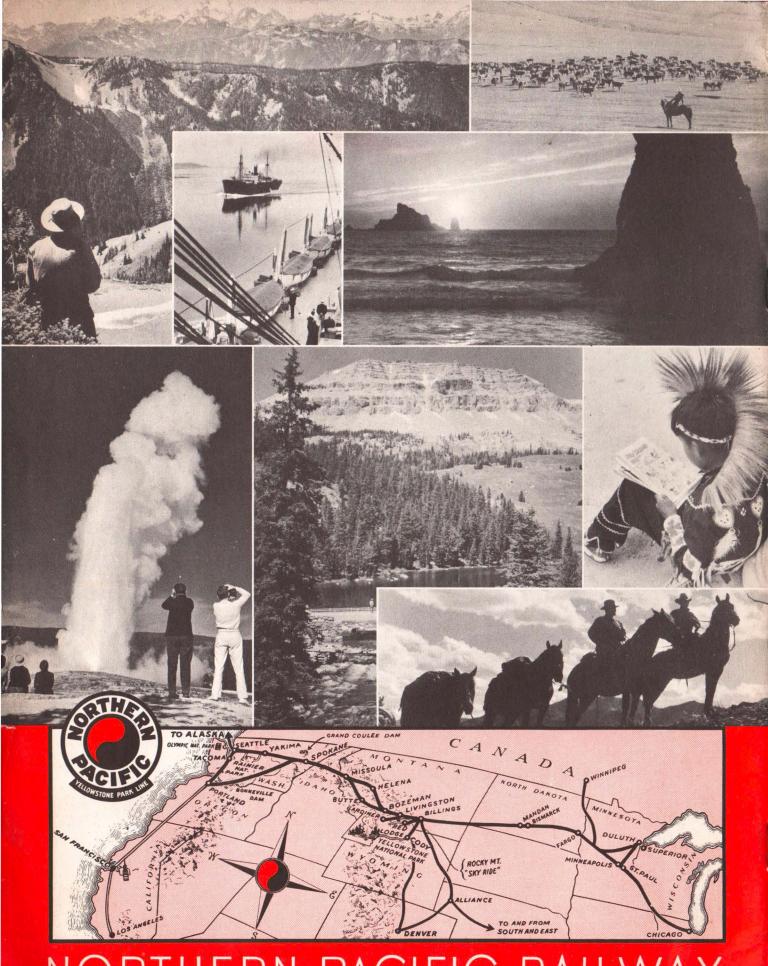


A part of the beautiful harbor at Santa Catalina Island from El Encanto, the col-orful and popular Mexican lunching and shopping rendezvous.





San Paneisco Eay. The great spon of Galden Gate Bridge in the foreground; the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge in the background.



NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY