## INDIAN

## MEDICINE

## PRACTICE

By Chief Buffalo Child Lc

Chief Buffalo Child Long Lance, the a full-blooded Indian, a chief of the Blood tribe or He is a graduate of Carlisle, where he gained a repuc. .3 .1 in university sports. The chief was appointed to West Point in 1915, but relinquished this appointment in 1916 to go overseas with the Canadian forces. Entering the field as a private, he served with distinction, was twice wounded and returned at the end of the war with the rank of captain. He is at present writing a history of the Indians of the Canadian plains, British Columbia and the North Country.

What is the Indian Medicine Man?

What is the meaning of the beautifully painted tepee on the reverse side of this menu; of the Medicine Pipes in front of it?

T'HE Indian Medicine Man is the most powerful man in the tribe; the man to whom the chief looks for his counsel in times of stress. He fills the triple position of doctor, priest and lawyer; his mission is to heal the sick, pray for those in trouble, and, by means of his incantations with the Spirits, to advise those who are about to undertake some doubtful course of action.

In the days of Indian warfare on the Canadian plains, the Medicine Man was the virtual leader of all war parties. Before any brave or chief could take out a war party to avenge the death of a relative or friend, to steal horses from an enemy tribe or to attack it on general principles, he must first consult the Medicine Man. The Medicine Man would hold a sort of seance, in which he would get in touch with a particular group of spirits and secure a forecast of the fate which lay before the impending war party. He would impart this information to the leader of the party on the following night, giving him the exact number that would be killed on both sides. If the odds were greatly in favor of the attackers, then he would advise them to undertake the adventure. It is a strange fact that the number killed in the subsequent action usually corresponded with the forecast of the Medicine Man. The Medicine Man would accompany all war parties, and on every fourth
night out he would repeat his incantations with the Spirits, to ascertain whether the luck of his men had changed since setting out from their camp.

The Indian Medicine Man is as much a mystery among the Indians as he is among the white people who know of some of the superhuman feats which they have performed. He could cast spells over people, cause death without touching or seeing his victim, find lost articles, foretell events and heal wounds with the skill of a surgeon. His training would start from early youth, when he would go out alone-far away from human habitationand remain for months, fasting, torturing himself and undergoing many hardships, in order to strengthen his will and bring his body and other physical matter under the control of his mind.

The Medicine Pipes, hanging from the tripods in the rear of the Blackfoot Indian Medicine Man whose photograph appears on the reverse side of this menu, are hundreds of years old. The Blackfeet own seven of these pipes, which are in the possession of individual members of the tribe. When a person is at the point of death he will sometimes make a vow to the Sun that if he recovers, he will buy one of these pipes-with horses. In case of recovery, the owner whom he approaches is bound by custom to sell him his Medicine Pipe. The ceremony of "selling the pipe" is a rather weird one which must take place after midnight. The present owners of the Blackfoot Medicine Pipes are: Chief Heavy Shield, Sun Calf, Stud Horse, Weasel Horn, Raw Eater and Bear Robe. These pipes are kept wrapped up in a large, mysterious-looking bundle, and they are never exposed to view.

The tepee in the background of this photograph is one of the two hundred tepees owned by families of the Blackfoot tribe. The paintings upon its sides portrays the owner's "Medicine," his heraldic bearings, or as the white man would say, his family crest. This "Medicine" is usually some animal which has come to the owner while he was in an unconscious state; and during the balance of his life he carries some part of this animal about his person and draws it into his heraldic bearings, which also contain symbols of some of his bravest exploits. The tepees bearing these bearings cannot be duplicated; hence there are no two tepees alike in the entire tribe. People who do not possess heraldic bearings must live in a plain white tepee.

# BUFFET SERVICE-A-LA-CARTE 

Grape fruit (Half) 30<br>ORANGE JUICE 30<br>ORANGE, WHOLE 15, SLICED 20 BANANAS, WHOLE (2) 25 BANANA, SLICED, WITH CREAM 25 STEWED PRUNES WITH CREAM 25<br>CEREALS WITH MILK 20, WITH CREAM 30<br>SOUP 25<br><br>TEA, COFFEE, ETC.<br>COFFEE, POT 20 (SERVED WITH CREAM OR HOT MILK)<br>INDIVIDUAL SEALED BOTTLE MILK 15<br>TEA, POT 20<br>INSTANT POSTUM 20 HORLICK'S MALTED MILK 20<br>NESTLE'S MILK FOOD 25<br>FOR BOTTLED AND OTHER BEVERAGES, SEE SPECIAL LIST

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[^0]:    WAITERSAREFORBIDDEN TO ACCEPTOR SERVEVERBALORDERS PAuSEngers are requested to inspect meal check before making payment, and in case of any OVERCHARGE OR UNSATISFACtORY SERVICE, report the matter to the steward in charge of car or to
    W. A. COOPER,

    MANÁGER,
    Sleeping, dining, Parlor Cars,
    Restaurants and News Service,

